Daylesford Mining Division
HISTORICAL NOTES

The actual area in which 'Jim Crow" name applied locally was an area around the junction of Spring Creek with Jim Crow Creek. 1

Another widely known name for the Daylesford goldfields was "Wombat Flat Diggings." 2

Mining centres: Daylesford ... Other in order of importance, these probably rates as Blanket Flat, Eganstown, Coomoora, Yandoit, Shepherd's Flat, Spring Creek-Hepburn, Dry Diggings, Glenlyon, Deep Creek, Sailor's Falls district. 3

1851 to 1856: Alluvial Leads - It is said that the first alluvial gold was discovered at Golden Point, Hepburn, in 1851. The first rush to Jim Crow (as Daylesford was then called) took place in the year 1853, the principle workings being Connell's Gully, Sailor's Creek, Wombat Flat, the old Race-course and Doctor's Gully - all alluvial. A second rush took place in 1855, but the heaviness of the timber, dense undergrowth of scrub and fern, the cold and wet of these high, and out-of-the-way regions, and absence of roads, etc., much retarded the development of the field. The third rush in 1856 brought the subsequent possessors of large fortunes, many among them Swiss, which gives Daylesford at the present time almost the character of a Swiss settlement. 4

March 1852: The Wombat Flat Diggings became the earliest town centre and became worked out first. 5

1853: The Daylesford (formerly Jim Crow) district was first brought into prominent notice during the year 1853, from the rich and extensive alluvial deposits which were discovered underlying the basaltic hills in the neighbourhood of the present township and Spring Creek, and the unearthing of the auriferous treasures so freely distributed in the flats and gullies and which, at an early period, were thought inexhaustible. The Jim Crow Creek is the main stream which intersects the Daylesford gold-field and may be mentioned that all its tributaries from its head, three or four miles south of Daylesford township, have proved auriferous ... In the neighbourhood of Corinella Paddock, Keep-it Dark, Old Tom, Spring Creek, Wombat Flat, Sailor's Gully, and Deep Creek, the alluvial workings have been of a few extensive character. 6

1854: The first reef opened out and worked was the Mauritius, "Kidd's Gully" ... The stone was burned, and then passed through a Chilian Mill, yielding 2oz. to the ton. Burdon's Reef, Doctor's Gully, also realised 2oz. to the ton about the same period. Temby, Addis and Brook opened out Cornish Reef (so informed) which went 3oz. to the ton, during 1854, the same ground being now included in the present Cornish Company's lease. 7

Daylesford - The auriferous belt is under a mile in width, and can be traced north and south for some miles. It includes the following reefs - Rising Star, Specimen Hill, Colliers, Freeman's or Front reef, Wombat Hill or Cornish (including the Black and Roman Eagle reefs and the Red and Mullocky lodes), Fearnot, Crown, Nuggetty Ajax, St. George, Eugenie, and Hepburn, and Mauritius (Victory) ... It has been a curious feature in the Daylesford district that it has apparently rarely been able to support more than one good dividend-paying mine at a time. These have followed one another in the following succession, Cornish and Specimen Hill (both dividend-paying at the same time), Rising Star, North Cornish, and No. 1 North Cornish. 8

1854: The Mauritius reef, in Kidd's Gully, is said to have been the first reef opened out in 1854. The Cornish was the first to make a show ... 9

1854: In the early days of our gold-fields history all the appliances in use for the working and development of quartz mines and the treatment of ores were of the most simple and primitive

1 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.7
2 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.7
3 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.7
4 Geological Survey of Victoria, Progress Report, 1894, p.15
5 Maddicks, H. T., 1951, p.8
6 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
7 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
8 Geological Survey of Victoria, Progress Report, No. VIII, 1894, p.6
9 Geological Survey of Victoria, Progress Report, No. VIII, 1894, p.6
character, and to add to the many other difficulties the quartz miner had to face in this district was the almost impassable barriers of dense forest, steep ranges, and swift-flowing creeks, without bridges or any semblance of roads; hence the miner, in his isolated condition, was pretty much left to his own resources in devising means or methods for extracting gold from the stone. Thus is was that the first plant erected on 'Jim Crow' for crushing purposes comprised an upright piece of timber, 10 feet in length and about 6 inches square, shod at the foot with boiler plate, and held in position by a cross beam and two posts. This stamper was lifted to a height of 4 to 6 inches by means of a lever or handle, something like the movement of the proverbial cow with the iron tail; but to the single-handed battery or stamp man the labour partook more of the performance of a galley slave. However, as the gold obtained, even by this crude process, was considerable, and the stone plentiful and easily got, it became necessary that some more effective and speedy method should be found for its extraction. The party, now consisting of four men, displayed their enterprise and ability to use the axe and adze, as well as the pick and shovel, by setting about the construction of a new machine, composed of a pair of huge wheels or rollers made out of the messmate trees, which were readily obtained on Wombat Hill (now the well-known beautiful public gardens of Daylesford). These wood rollers were about 6 feet in diameter and 1 foot broad, bound with iron tires, these being fixed to a centre-key and axle, from which extended a long beam or arm, which was drawn slowly round by a single horse. At first these wheels ran upon a hardwood floor, until a cast-iron trough or basin was obtained. At first, both by this improved process and the single-stamp battery, the stone treated was simply crushed to dust in a dry state, and the gold panned off by the tin dish; but it was soon found requisite to introduce water while crushing, as much to lessen the friction as to save the finer particles of gold; but neither the shaking cradle, copper plates, or the blanket tables were attached for the purpose of gold saving, nor was the mundic, pyrites, or any other by-product of quartz considered to be of the smallest value; and for many years thousands of tons of pyrites and sand that could have been easily saved was permitted to go to waste, and was carried away by the waters of Smith's Creek. If these early local inventions as quartz crushing machines had been preserved just where they were first erected, at the southern end of the Cornish claim, they would now, doubtless, create as much interest to the miner, by comparison with the splendid, highly-finished, and powerful steam crushing battery constantly at work close by, as does the original locomotive 'Rocket' of the Stephenson's to engineers and people travelling by rail, as they now do at the rate of 60 miles an hour.\[10\]

1854: First reef discovered, believed to be near the later Colliers shaft, was uncovered by sluikers Ch. Parsons, and J. Cocksley. \[11\]

1854+: Colliers Reef was opened by Collier & Woodward. \[12\]

1854+: The Sandstone Reef was found by Ducknard and party. \[13\]

June 1854: Government Surveyor Fraser laid out a township site of 80 chains square and he used the name "Wombat" ... changed to Daylesford, and this name was first officially used in the Government Gazette on 23 August 1855... \[14\]

1854: Italian Hill, south-east side of Daylesford town and Smiths Creek ... discovered by Swiss miners in 1854.\[15\]

1854+: Doctors Gully Reefs, Doctors Gully - one of the richest alluvial gullies in the 1850s ... been deeply sluiced at the head of Birdport Street, down to Hospital Street.

1854: First crushing from Burdons Reef in the east slope of Doctors Gully ... yielded 2oz to ton. This was followed in 1857 by Ridge and Co. working the Warrior claim.\[16\]

1854+: The Sandstone Reef was found by Ducknard and party. \[17\]

---

10 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
11 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
12 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
13 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
14 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.8
15 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.16
16 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.47-48
17 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
Daylesford was Victoria's most diversified and long lived gold field and the largest in area, having 300 square miles of auriferous grounds... 18

1850s:

Grey Mare was opened in the fifties, Rocky Lead District, Daylesford ... the party working it followed down a line of gold-bearing stone for about 80 feet, crushing it in a little 3-head mill erected on the mine. When it became necessary to employ machinery the venture collapsed ... it remained deserted until about four years ago 19

They came, in those years from all lands, and numbered among those in Daylesford goldfields were some hundreds of Swiss-Italian speaking migrants from the southern Swiss Canton of Ticino. Frenchmen, Germans, Danish settlers, Austrians ... Late in the 1850s, a lot of experienced Cornish and Welsh miners also joined the throng. 20

The township of Spring Creek was located along the Daylesford Road south of where Doctors Gully joined Spring Creek. 21

1855:

By the end of 1855 big rushes were experienced in the Yandoit area (then known as Zandit) ... Nuggetty Gully area and King William Gully on the north-west side of Yandoit Creek ... There were many tunnels into the Yandoit Creek hills ... These diggings continued north to Clydesdale and Strangways near the Loddon. 22

Coomoora Goldfield - 1856 to 1880, continuation of the Daylesford Township Lead Main mines of the Coomoora area, 1856 to 1869.

1856:

The first gold panned east of Daylesford was by Morganti and party in 1856 in Leech's Creek. Back towards Daylesford, Pozzi and partners found gold in alluvial leads coming out from under the basalt overlay, and these discoveries brought others to the Coomoora or Wallaby Creek area. 23

1856-1867:

Cornish Quartz Mining Company, Capital £4,550, in 1300 shares £3-10-0. The property of the company is situated on the Wombat Reef, area of 23 acres, being Crown Lease No. 622. The mine was opened in the year 1856 by a party of thirteen experienced Cornish miners, who worked together on a co-operative principle until August 1867, and obtained gold worth £50,000. 24

1856:

Formation of first Cornish Company - The successful working of these early machines, inadequate as they were, led to the enlargement of the Cornish party to thirteen men, including a miner, smith, carpenter, and engineer ... 25

late 1850s: First steam battery on lower western slope of Cornish Hill was erected by Mr. C. Wilson. 26

1850s: First crushing on the Crown Reef (shafts in Queensberry St.) was Montgomery, Barkley & Brown, and yielded 45 oz. per ton. ... Most shafts did not go below 300ft because the Crown Reef then dipped westward into the Cornish lease. 27

1856: Montgomery and Crozier and party crushed 4 oz. per ton. 28

1857: Johnson and Williamson's party sunk to waterline 70ft. 29

---

18 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.8
19 Bulletin of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 3, Rocky Lead District
20 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.10
21 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.10
22 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.12
23 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.36
24 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
25 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
26 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
27 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
28 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
29 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
1857-1867: Operations of the first Cornish Company - By the year 1857 the company had become the holders of all the ground on the various reefs mentioned from the crown of the hill near Queensberry-street as their northern boundary, to the south end of their claim where it joined the Argus Company's survey; and in order to work this large area, which at the time was considered to be a vast monopoly, the Cornish party sent two of their number to Ballarat and elsewhere to obtain an engineer of 24 horse-power, and a battery of 12 heads. This plant was obtained at a cost of £2,000, and as quickly as possible erected at Wombat Flat, on the west side of King-street, and to this site a track was cut, and a tramway laid down from the claim on the hill, a distance of nearly half-a-mile. On this tramway were two trucks connected with a stout rope running over sheaves or pulleys, the loaded truck containing nearly one and a half tons going down hill to the battery, and at the same time drawing the empty truck to the claim on the hill to be refilled. This system was in operation for several years, and conveyed many thousands of tons of stone to the stamper boxes that otherwise would not have paid the high price of cartage of those days; and during the first ten years of persevering labour the party obtained 15,000 ounces of gold. The greatest depth at which ground had been worked for this amount of gold was 120 feet, and the only appliances used for hauling the quartz to the surface being the whip and whim.  

1858: John Conyngham McCausland, J. W. Trimble and John Addis combined.  

1858: Sampson & party sank first shaft on Crown Reef at south end.  

late 1850s: Doctor's Gully - Lucini in the late 1850s owned and mined the Lucini Reef, or Swiss Mount Reef Gold Mine ... It was one of a group of ref mines along Doctor's Gully.  

late 1850s: In the hills up the east of this first Police Camp at Spring Creek was the late 1850s Commissioner's Reef gold mine opened up by Swiss pioneer miner, Vincent Perni ... The mine was first worked as an open cut.  

1857-1859: Connell's and Nuggetty Ajax line of reefs - Gold miners had swarmed between Connell’s Gully and Tipperary Point on Sailors Creek ... The first recorded party to have worked consistently on reefs discovered there was Willard and party in the 1857-1859 and obtained 4,000 oz. between 4 me ... Nuggetty Co., first workings was an open cut at the head of Connell’s Gully just north of the present shaft.  

late 1850s: Doctors Gully Reefs - Pitchers Reef, a tunnel and shaft operation, just south of where West Street crosses Doctors Gully ... re-opened as the North Maxwell in the 1930s until 1942. Lucini's Reef, north of Pitchers Reef ... later known as Swiss Mount and continued for about 40 years reaching 400 feet ... had one of the first crushing plants in late 1850s ... west end of 7th Street, Hepburn Springs ... north of the Swiss Mount was Peacock's Venture, just where Doctors Gully crosses the Hepburn Road.  

late 1850s: Yandoit Goldfield, first rushed 1855-56. German Gully, Yandoit ... six miles north of Keep It Dark, Eganstown ... opened up in the late 1850s ... here there was the All Nations, Cerebus, Huggett's and Goldsmiths claims ... they were amalgamated in the early 1860s under the Golconda Co. and machinery put on and shaft sank to 400ft ... One of the German Gully mines, the Criterion Co., was an offshoot of a Clunes company Frenchman’s Hill reef, then Glamorgan Reef, opened in 1859, then Steels, the Pioneer and the Mamburg ... Reefs continue north into Yandoit 3 or 4 miles away: here the Hamburg Reef was opened by Joachim in 1860. Frenchman’s Reef was discovered, south of Yandoit, discovered by Figget in 1859. Forty-Foot paddock, east of Yandoit, and on to the north several deep lead mines whose dumps still cover the landscape up to Clydesdale. Homeward Bound Reef, across Jim Crow Creek. King William Gully Reef, west of Yandoit Malcolm’s Reef, north of town. Sardines Reef, west of Yandoit, on the New Nuggetty Gully, first worked in 1860. New Nuggetty Gully famous from 1855 to 1910 for nuggets, biggest was 750 oz. Grand Junction Co. was north of town. Christmas Reef, east of and near Jim Crow Creek.
1850s: Mines east of Hepburn Road, the Frenchman's and the Mineral Springs. Freehold United claims along Hepburn Road - This line of reefs was thought to be the northern extension of the Cornish reefs ... western edge of Kidd's Gully, they were worked down to 70ft by the end of the 1850s. 38

1850s: Mauritius mining area - north along the top of the sharp ridge between Spring Creek and Whitefield Gully, road now shown as Whitefield Road, runs to the 1854 Mauritius mining area continuing down this ridge one reached the dumps of the Frenchman's Reef mine. It was much later than the Mauritius, and the early miners sunk to 180ft and had a tunnel halfway down which run out to Whitefield Gully. 39

June 1859: Quartz reefs. Doctor's Reef, Doctor's Gully ... discovered about three years ago. Sailor's Reef, Sailor's Creek ... This reef has been worked upwards of two years. It is situated in the creek bed ... owners at present making arrangements for the erection of steam machinery, the present crushing machine (worked by water) and the pump (worked by horsepower). 40

June 1859: Yandoit - A rush to a swamp or flat near King William Gully; and Forty-Feet is progressing. 41

July 1859: 14 quartz crushing machines - 5 steam, 4 waterpower, and 5 worked by horse. There are 65 puddling machines ... the plentiful supply of water has been fully appreciated by our puddling and sluicing population. From Shepherd's Flat, on the Jim Crow Creek, up the heads of the different creeks - Wombat Creek, Blind Creek, Stoney, Spring and Sailor's creeks - races meet the eye on most of the ranges, flushed with water. Hill sluicing about Wombat seems to be in great favour with our miners ... Although most of the claims, besides incidental expenses, pay £3 or £4 per week for water to speculation race-owners, puddling and sluicing in general average from 12s. upwards per day ... Sluicing in the beds of the creeks is effectually stopped for the season. 42

July 1859: A new crushing machine just completed ... junction of Kidd's Gully with Spring Creek. 43

July 1859: Yandoit. Donna Maria Reef, recently opened on the Frenchman's Hill. A powerful engine to be erected on Clement's Reef New rush, northern slope of a hill facing on Green Hill Creek, and situated 66 degrees SW of Yandoit and Frenchman’s Hills - new tunnel ground. 44

July 1859: Tunnelling - Formerly parties running adits into a hill assuming different frontages, very often intersected one another, and owing to the crookedness of the tunnels, it was in most instances impossible for the parties concerned to form any idea whether they were working their own or their neighbours' ground ... Most of those engaged in tunnelling being Italians. 45

August 1859: Water race - Enterprising party are at present trying to bring the Kangaroo Creek into Wombat. 46

August 1859: Yandoit - prospecting the Green or Bald Hills, Yandoit. 47

August 1859: Mining population - upwards of 2900 ... for a mining community, rather settled than otherwise. The great majority of the miners have been here for years, and are fully aware that although, with such appliances as are commonly in use, no great fortunes are likely to be made, still stuff affording them £2 to £3 per week abounds in quantities, and will for many years to come; and men with families are, therefore, better satisfied to settle here than to rush about from one place to another. 48

38 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.40
39 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.40
40 Mining Surveyors' Reports
41 Mining Surveyors' Reports
42 Mining Surveyors' Reports
43 Mining Surveyors' Reports
44 Mining Surveyors' Reports
45 Mining Surveyors' Reports
46 Mining Surveyors' Reports
47 Mining Surveyors' Reports
48 Mining Surveyors' Reports
August 1859: Parker's Reef is one of the oldest quartz workings in the division...49

August 1859: Dry Diggings Creek has been opened for years... When opened the creek was very rich, and even now, having been worked over and over with tub and cradle, it would pay very well for sluicing... Immediately after rain the creek has quite a busy appearance; and a host of Chinamen have begun taking the upper part in a face and seem to be doing very well.50

August 1859: The upper part of Middleton’s Creek was also worked profitably years ago, but is now wholly deserted.51

August 1859: Mount Franklin Creek and Washerman's Gully had also been considered worked out and abandoned, but a party of Chinamen began last summer sluicing immediately below the junction.52

Sept 1859: Companies - three applications for gold mining leases... No. 1, 10 acres on Wombat Flat, No. 2, 15 acres on Shepherds Flat, and No. 3, 600 yards on Adam’s Reef... I may here mention that the mining community favourably regards the movement, as promising permanent employment on ground, which, is workable at all by individuals, at best only pay for a few months in the year. I should not be surprised to see the example set by capitalists followed up by co-operative associations among our working miners.53

August 1859: Persons were busy prospecting our old deserted reefs, and am truly gratified to learn that one p the Cosmopolitan, from Clunes - have on Commissioners Reef, obtained a prospect which they consider fully satisfactory... by introducing first-class machinery into the district, will facilitate the working of several reefs now deserted.54

August 1859: Puddling and sluicing - A number of claims have lately been purchased by Chinamen, who seem on the whole to be getting on very well on Jim Crow. Parties of 10 or 12 bring their earnings from other diggings to purchase sluicing claims here... A number of Chinamen are fossicking about our old alluvial workings; but I believe most of them are only watching an opportunity to begin sluicing or paddocking.55

August 1859: Parker's Specimen Reef, head of Dry Diggings (geological map, No. 1 a, east). Claim No. 1 - said to have produced upwards of £3,000 for a length of 80ft. Claim No. 2 - Best on the line, yielded as much as 70 oz. per ton near the surface, and having presented its owners with £10,000. Map shows tunnel and tramway, and burning kiln. Claim No. 3 - Map shows tramway, kiln, and tramway to Mr. Wilson's crushing machine on Middleton’s Creek. Claim is 45 ft in length, and produced £3,000 or £4,000.56

Oct 1859: Yandoit Quartz Mining Co.'s machine.57

Oct 1859: Eganstown - Adams Reef was for a long time deserted... Clunes party took up 320 lineal feet.58

Nov 1859: Specimen Hill Reef, Wombat Creek, Messrs Trimble and Co. have applied for mining lease. Wombat Reef, Connell's Reef, and a number of others are paying. Cosmopolitan, on Commissioners Reef, is driving for reef.59

Nov 1859: Yandoit - Clement's Reef and Christmas Reef claims turning out good gold.60

---

49 Mining Surveyors' Reports
50 Mining Surveyors' Reports
51 Mining Surveyors' Reports
52 Mining Surveyors' Reports
53 Mining Surveyors' Reports
54 Mining Surveyors' Reports
55 Mining Surveyors' Reports
56 Mining Surveyors' Reports
57 Mining Surveyors' Reports
58 Mining Surveyors' Reports
59 Mining Surveyors' Reports
60 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Nov 1859: Tunnelling, a rush to Deep Creek, the ground is situated 9_ miles from Mount Franklyn and 4_ (?) miles from Smeaton Hill, and forms part of those large basaltic plains extending from the Deep Creek to the west of Clunes.61

Dec 1859: The Tunnel rush in Glengower, Deep Creek, is progressing well, it is rumoured that two or three tunnels have lately broken through and struck gold.62

Dec 1859: Parker's Specimen Reef and Sportsman's Reef (probably a continuation of the first (, head of dry diggings, animated appearance.63

Dec 1859: Wombat Hill (known today as Cornish or Argus Hill) - On Collier's Reef, Wombat Hill, Messrs Winther and Company are now and again reported to have got some first-rate stone; and on Wombat Reef, the parties at work are getting well paid ... 64

Dec 1859: Nuggetty-Ajax line of reef: On Connell's Reef, Messrs Villard, the only party working, are doing well ... A new vein, called the Nuggetty Reef, was lately discovered, running parallel to and about 40 yards west of Connell's Reef. 65

Dec 1859: Water races - The nature of our watershed offers every facility for the construction, at comparatively little cost, of lakes or reservoirs.66

Dec 1859: Tunnelling - may be considered, for steadiness of yield, and for the length of time it affords profitable employment, as one of our chief resources, although in some instances very considerable outlay of capital and labour is required before payable gold is obtained. Some of our tunnels have obtained a length of 1,800 or 2,800 feet without striking gold.67

Dec 1859: Yandoit - New Nuggetty Gully, a large number of miners at work.68

Dec 1859: Boot's Bald Hill and vicinity also in great favour, and in Elliger's Gully more people are at present employed than when the gully was first opened.69

1859: Corinella Creek, not worked at first because passed through Egan's PR ... but there were diggers in shallow alluvial south of here for miles, and also in Deep Creek. About 1859 several tunnels were driven westwards from the Deep Creek banks for distances up to 2,800 feet. These were the Italian Tunnel, Ballarat Tunnel, the Sailors Prince Tunnel etc. They worked for a long time before striking the sought after gutters. Corinella Creek, east end - road leads off towards Brandy Hot-Basalt-Shepherds Flat area, passing by some very rich shallow reefs and gullies. Some of the early Brandy Hot claims cleaned up 20 to 50 oz. per week.70

1860: Havelock Q. M. Co., north end of Crown Reef near Stanbridge Street was first worked by Sam Pitt and James Barkly in a party of four, in 1860 ... Havelock Company closed about 1870s, their main lode dipped westward into the Cornish lease.71

1850s: Head of Dry Digging Creek worked by Colmo, Clark & Fairbairn ... they sluiced the head and also drove some tunnels into the south side of the creek. Other tunnels were: Colmos party - tunnel near the mouth of Dry Digging Creek, which ran under the main road near Excelsior Hill. Amies tunnel - east of above, north from creek. Gillies' tunnel - going up the creek further east. Jews Gully - top of gully, comes out in Spring Creek above the Breakneck Gorge Bridge. Menz's tunnel - near Jews Gully tunnel ... and south are a number of Chinese tunnels. Phillip's tunnel - under Elevated Plain from the north side of Breakneck. Black's tunnel - south of Breakneck, under Hepburn Sports Ground, in from Jim Crow side. Vanzetta's tunnel - running west from 18th Street ... they had 5-head water powered battery. Going north towards

---

61 Mining Surveyors' Reports
62 Mining Surveyors' Reports
63 Mining Surveyors' Reports
64 Mining Surveyors' Reports
65 Mining Surveyors' Reports
66 Mining Surveyors' Reports
67 Mining Surveyors' Reports
68 Mining Surveyors' Reports
69 Mining Surveyors' Reports
70 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
71 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.24
Shepherds Flat are many more tunnels and various diggings on both sides of the road. Just after crossing Excelsior Bridge, above the road on the west is the Caledonia field; above the creek flats on the east is the Fry Pan Hill fields.72

1860: Blanket Flat (Eganstown) - Corinella G. M. Co., Egan's homestead paddocks ... first company formed in December 1861 ... four main leads believed to pass through the land (Blanket Flat, Golden Point, Brandy Hot and Champagne) ... first shaft sunk 80-ft found 3,500ft wide lead of wash dirt ... lead was going deeper, they were compelled to sink a new shaft to 170ft ... at this point the company was re-organised ... company worked until 1912 ... it employed about 120 underground miners and worked 3 shafts plus a tunnel from Deep Creek, Golden Point side.73

late 1850s-1860s: Water races. By 1857 many small races were in use, but in 1857 larger ones began to be built: Wardell’s Race - but in 1857 a party of Wardell, Glennon and Rose obtained a licence to construct a race from the headwaters of Wombat Creek, running along above Italian Hill, they had reached Connell’s Gully by Sept 1857 ...they added another one from the Kangaroo-Musk Creek area, race in 1858. Four important races led along the northeast banks of Wombat and Sailors creeks, one tier being 50-ft above the next. By this means water could be brought into the heads of gullies for sluicing [Walkers between Central-Sutton and Tipperary Mineral Springs use these old races today as walking tracks]. Late 1860s there were 240 miles of water races serving the various diggings. These were: Millers Specimen Hill race, Wombat Creek into Specimen Hill, Wardell’s race, 18 miles. Lewis's or Menadue’s race, 12 miles, starting above Sailor's Falls, along west hills of Sailors Creek through Eganstown, with branches, and onto Basalt. Liepolds, started lower in Sailors Creek, Wombat Creek junction, and continued along the west bank, just above Tipperary Springs and into Bald Hill areas, approx 20 miles. They had another race from Bald Hill to Basalt. Hunts race into Dry Diggings, about 15 miles, later extended to Middleton’s Creek. Phass & Co., northeast bank of Spring Creek, went as far as Jim Crow Creek junction, race auctioned in 1859. Sutton’s race was also on the northeast side of Wombat Creek. Edwards race started about Wombat Flat and ran along south side. [now walking track between Central and Sutton Springs on the south side of the creek. It also served old Tom Hoath's water wheel battery a few hundred yards up Sailors Creek.

1860s-1870s: Glenlyon, Dry Diggings. The alluvial claims around the head of Middleton’s Creek were rich and this led to shallow reefs being opened up. Battery owner Wilson had a mill on Middleton’s Creek ... Claims such as the Beehive and Parkers Specimen Ref were extremely rich down to 100ft ... The Great Leasehold Company sank to 230ft Hunt’s race started south of Coomoora on Kangaroo Creek and continued right through Dry Diggings and then north to Middleton’s Creek. Among the alluvial companies working Dry Diggings and Middleton’s Creek in the 1860s/70s were Hunts, Clapham & Co., Sawpit Gully party, Pride, Kirkham & Co., Shimmins & Co., Colmo, Clarke & Fairbairn, Bleakley & Co. Shimman opened a reef mine at the north, within sight of Mt Franklin. Another nearby Reef was the Grace Egerton. North of the reefs, the Shakespeare Co. sank on an alluvial lead, they were a party of 24 Welsh miners and followed the lead westwards towards Shepherds Flat. Just south of the Dry Diggings, near the junction of the Hepburn Springs road ... the Glen Moana Reef mine started in the 1890s and continued to WWI. Sawpit Gully, east foot of Mount Franklin, a favoured area for fine-gold panners. West of Dry Diggings to Jim Crow Creek: Dry Diggings Creek starts on the north side of the Elevated Plains, and cuts its way through the rough country of the western hills above the Old Dry Diggings township ... eventually runs into Jim Crow Creek.75

1860: Havelock Q. M. Co., north end of Crown Reef near Stanbridge Street was first worked by Sam Pitt and James Barkly in a party of four, in 1860 ... Havelock Company closed about 1870s, their main lode dipped westward into the Cornish lease.76

72 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.42-43
73 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
74 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.30-32
75 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.42-43
76 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.24
Jan 1860: Wombat and Collier Reefs are on an average paying. Perseverance Reef in Sailor's Creek is progressing as usual very good stone ... water powered battery. 77

Jan 1860: New Reef - Old Nuggetty Reef, Old Nuggetty Gully. 78

Jan 1860: New Reef - Oliver Cromwell's Reef, Glengower. 79

Jan 1860: Kidd's Gully rush - large number of puddlers and sluicers employed. 80

Jan 1860: Tunnelling - this branch of mining is almost exclusively in the hands of Swiss and Italians. 81

Feb 1860: New Reef - Emerald Reef, between Stony Creek and Lanky Gully. 82

Feb 1860: New Reef - Pioneer Reef, Forty-Foot, Yandoit. Also mentions: Christmas Reef - deepest vein is 80ft ... King William Gully is literally swarming with Chinamen. Malcolm's Reef - Private land. 83

Feb 1860: Beehive Reef, near Dry Diggings Gully, taken up by Thomas and Co. ... only machine in neighbourhood is Wilson's machine, Middleton's Creek. 84

Feb 1860: Cosmopolitan Co., Commissioners Reef - erecting whim. 85

Feb 1860: Specimen Q. M Co., Specimen Hill, Wombat Creek, 7 acres of ground applied for. 86

Feb 1860: Tunnelling - Elevated plains on Spring Creek and Italian Hill on Wombat Creek are the principal hills being worked by tunnels, and on the Fiery and Sebastopol Hills, Deep Creek. 87

Feb 1860: Principal scene in alluvial sinking is on Whitehead's Lead, at the head of Kidd's Gully. 88

May 1860: New reef - Hamburgh Reef, Forty-Foot, Yandoit. 89

May 1860: Parker's Specimen Reef, head of Dry Diggings, five of the old claims have been worked to water level, and have lately amalgamated. 90

May 1860: On Wombat Reef the Cornish party is till getting payable stone ... Colliers Reef, Wombat, Messrs Winther... 91

May 1860: New Nuggetty Reef, Connell's Gully, still turn out first rate stone. 92

May 1860: Doctors Reef, Doctors Gully, Needham had bought the whole mine. 93
May 1860: Mr. Wilson's race from Wollowbee Creek comes across the elevated plains.94

June 1860: New reef - Trogisch's Reef, near German Gully, Yandoit.95

June 1860: Glengower Deep Lead - Boatswain's, Sardinian and Christie's reefs ... total absence of crushing machinery.96

June 1860: On Wombat Hill, the Cornish party, employing 15 or 16 men, making fair wages.97

June 1860: A site for crushing machine has been applied for on the Jim Crow Creek, near Franklindford.98

June 1860: On Table Hill, near Connell's Gully, a few claims have lately been taken up.99

June 1860: Wardle and Co. are bringing in a race, commanding Connell's Gully and surrounding ranges from Kangaroo Creek, the length of which, including 2 miles of fluming, will be about 17 miles, cost about £1100.100

June 1860: Alluvial sinking dull - apart from New Nuggetty Gully, Yandoit ... discovery of 277 oz. Nugget. Upwards of 200 miners at work.101

July 1860: Welcome's Reef Co.'s machine now commenced operations.102

June 1860: Puddling and sluicing - satisfactory ... Tunnelling, our principle Basaltic hills are at present in full work.103

June 1860: Principal, and I may say the only, localities for tub and cradle work are Boots and Yandoit.104

June 1860: Burnt Swamp alluvial workings - two parties who have cut races from the head of the swamp and Splitter's Creek.105

August 1860: Yandoit looks as busy as when the Forty-Foot Lead was in its glory ... due to splendid returns obtained from several reefs ... may result in a permanent quartz reefing district. Mainly from Pioneer and Hamburg reefs. 106

August 1860: Wombat reef, the Cornish party have their own crushing machine...107

August 1860: New Nuggetty Reef, Connell's Gully, has purchased Trimble and Co.'s machine.108

August 1860: Pioneer Reef, opened in March ... 11 to 15 oz. to ton; and Hamburg Reef, discovered in may, by Lodigers, Loft and Co., has been till now the richest in the district; Glamorganshire Reef, opened in July; also Malcolm's Reef, New German Reef, Cosmopolitan and Trogish reefs continue to yield well; plus new reefs opened since August - Homeward Bound, Welshman's Reef (south continuation of Pioneer), Rising Sun, Fisher's Reef, and Spread Eagle Reef (north continuation of Hamburg).109
August 1860: Some of the old tunnels along Bald Hill Creek are again being put in working order.\textsuperscript{110}

August 1860: Alluvial sinking - no new ground, daily becoming a more precarious means of living ... New Nuggetty Gully appears almost inexhaustible and therefore, the principal locality for tub and cradle operators around Yandoit.\textsuperscript{111}

Sept. 1860: The principal lines of reef in Yandoit are taken up, and being prospected for miles ... several crushing machines spoken of as likely to be erected if the present impetus to quartz mining in Yandoit establishes the permanency of our reefs.\textsuperscript{112}

Sept. 1860: Crushing from Glamorganshire Reef at Franklinford mill (water-powered).\textsuperscript{113}

Sept. 1860: Morrison's crushing machine on Jim Crow Creek.\textsuperscript{114}

Sept. 1860: New powerful engine bound for Old German Reef.\textsuperscript{115}

Sept. 1860: Wombat Reef - handsome profit by Cornish party, owing more to their superior method of working than the quality of their stone.\textsuperscript{116}

Sept. 1860: Boots Gully - the flat has been taken up by sluicing parties, using Cortial's race from Sailor's Creek.\textsuperscript{117}

Sept. 1860: Tunnelling is one of our most profitable branches of mining.\textsuperscript{118}

Oct. 1860: Quartz mining on Jim Crow proper is till in the old claims profitable.\textsuperscript{119}

Oct. 1860: In Yandoit, the first excitement of the rush is gradually subsiding into a legitimate well-directed and energetically prosecuted system of prospecting; almost every hill within miles, where any prospect of striking a reef, ringing with the sound of pick and axe.\textsuperscript{120}

Oct. 1860: A few parties have started tunnels from Jim Crow Creek into the tableland below Shepherd's Flat.\textsuperscript{121}

Nov. 1860: Strangways - Pickpocket Hill has lately engrossed the attention of the Chinese.\textsuperscript{122}

Nov. 1860: Summerside Reef, Keep-it-Dark Gully ... good prospect.\textsuperscript{123}

Nov. 1860: Melvin's Reef, head of Blind Creek, Adams and Needham's machine removed thither from Benoil's Reef, Doctors Gully.\textsuperscript{124}

Nov. 1860: Tunnelling, only news is that the hills along Jim Crow Creek, north of Shepherd's Flat, have mostly been taken up ... On Elevated Plains, Italian Hill, and Stony Creek Ridge, most of the

\textsuperscript{110} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{111} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{112} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{113} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{114} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{115} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{116} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{117} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{118} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{119} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{120} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{121} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{122} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{123} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{124} Mining Surveyors' Reports
deserted ground has been re-occupied ... On Fiery and Sebastopol Hills, Deep Creek, the
Ballarat Co.’s tunnel is also working.\textsuperscript{125}

Nov 1860: New Nuggetty Gully - nearly all the inhabitants of the gully have united in the formation
of three companies ... intended to cut one main drain for the 3 companies, and then face out and
puddle the whole of the gully.\textsuperscript{126}

Dec 1860: Jim Crow portion, most of the known reefs are occupied - Melvin’s Reef, Wombat Reef,
Welcome Reef, New Nuggetty Reef in Connell’s Gully.\textsuperscript{127}

Dec 1860: Doctor's Reef, taken up by Ballarat company.\textsuperscript{128}

Dec 1860: Parkers Specimen Reef ... Mr. Wilson, occupying adjoining claim north, having established a
sawmill in connection with the engine driving his crushing plant ... Sportsman Reef,
continuation.\textsuperscript{129}

Dec 1860: Apparent dullness in Yandoit ... demise of Yandoit Q. M. Co.\textsuperscript{130}

Dec 1860: Old German Reef, site for machinery dam and tramway has been granted, Messrs Hutton and
Rankin's claims ... Goldsmith Q M. Co., immediately north.\textsuperscript{131}

Dec 1860: Great Reef Co. purchased the defunct Yandoit Q. M. Co.’s plant.\textsuperscript{132}

Dec 1860: Upper parts of Keep It Dark and Boots Gully being systematically worked, drained and faced
out bodily.\textsuperscript{133}

Dec 1860: Lower part of Bald Hill Creek taken up by Chinese for sluicing.\textsuperscript{134}

Dec 1860: Yandoit - New Nuggetty Gully Co. and two other companies ... engaged in cutting a tail
drain.\textsuperscript{135}

Jan 1861: In Yandoit matters in regards quartz mining have been unusually dull. A large number of
persons prospecting for quartz having attained the water level, and either not have the means
or not seeing sufficient inducement to erect machinery.\textsuperscript{136}

Jan 1861: Old German Reef, Rankin and Company and Hutton and Company have amalgamated under
the firm Rothschild and are making arrangements for erection of machinery ... Goldsmith's
Co., on the same reef, have nearly got their engine ready.\textsuperscript{137}

Jan 1861: Great Reef Co., Pioneer Reef, pumping and crushing.\textsuperscript{138}

Jan 1861: In puddling and sluicing, matters have continued the same as usual. Puddling has at last in
most instances been continued, and although the proceeds generally speaking cannot be called
brilliant; still the steadiness of employment and the yield is fully appreciated by our miners.
Hence the greater majority always prefers even comparatively poor sluicing or puddling
ground to the uncertainty of tub or cradle workings.\textsuperscript{139}
Jan 1861: Several patches of very good shallow ground have been found near the heads of Brandy Hot and Butterfly Gullies.140

Feb 1861: About Boots a number of reefs cropping out of the surface have in the last month began to attract notice of the alluvial miners in the surrounding gullies and companies are being formed to prospect them.141

Feb 1861: Melvin's Reef, crushing machinery at work.142

Feb 1861: Yandoit, quartz mining - a kind of uncertainty hangs over the place that cannot help showing its depressing influence on business in general.143

Feb 1861: The reservoir in Wombat Creek is now rapidly advancing towards completion.144

Feb 1861: Between Shepherd's Flat and Yandoit a number of tunnels are going in.145

Feb 1861: In the Green Hills or Bald Hills Yandoit, a tunnel put in years ago at a distance of 900 feet discovered deep ground.146

Feb 1861: In Jim Crow this branch of mining is almost exclusively confined to the vicinity of Butterfly Gully and Blanket Flat.147

March 1861: Gibson's Reef was discovered last week in an alluvial shaft, sunk in old ground in Scotchman's or Brandy Hot Gully.148

March 1861: On Adam's New Reef, Old Tom Gully ... a prospecting claim a kiln will shortly be crushed.149

March 1861: Melvin's Reef, head of Blind Creek ... has crushing machinery.150

March 1861: New German Reef ... purchasers of claim have brought boiler, stampers and other gear to the ground.151

March 1861: Creek sluicing, almost exclusively carried on by the Chinese.152

March 1861: A lead has been found extending through Daylesford township from the head of Doctor's Gully. Several tunnels have been started for the same lead in the southern part of Daylesford.153

March 1861: Deep ground has been found in Blanket Flat, near Deep Creek; the deepest shaft is down 130 feet, and has a considerable amount of water to contend to.154

April 1861: New Nuggety Reef, also in Connell's Gully ... erection of steam machinery for baling.155
April 1861: New German Reef, Cuthbert and Co. are busy erecting their battery near the Yandoit Creek ... tramway of upwards of 1,000ft.\textsuperscript{156}

April 1861: Puddling has during the last month received quite an impetus. From Bendigo and Forest Creek, where generally puddlers are considered more expert than elsewhere parties are weekly coming in, and most of them after a while take up claims and domesticate themselves in Jim Crow, a circumstance that augurs well for the prosperity of the coming winter ... The creek beds are in full occupation by Chinese.\textsuperscript{157}

April 1861: In Blanket Flat, between Daylesford and Deep Creek, deep ground has been found, apparently traceable to Black Jack's Gully and trending in a north-westerly direction towards Mr. Egan's station ... three shafts going down, one bottomed on a reef at a depth of 135ft.\textsuperscript{158}

April 1861: The Grand Junction has purchased an engine, and the rest of the Yandoit plains are just being taken up by a strong party.\textsuperscript{159}

May 1861: The Perseverance Co., in bed of Sailor's Creek, near Tipperary Point, has by the setting in of the wet season been compelled to suspend operations.

May 1861: Pioneer Reef, Pioneer Co., boiler has arrived.\textsuperscript{160}

May 1861: A considerable number of puddlers from Bendigo and Forest Creek have lately settled in Jim Crow, and seem to be very well satisfied with this locality. Puddlers machines are gradually being erected in the outlying western gullies, Shicers, Sulky, and Champagne and surrounding gullies.\textsuperscript{161}

May 1861: The greater portion of the old ground on Italian Hill, Wombat Creek, is fully occupied ... The same may be said of the elevated plains and other basaltic hills on the Spring and Sailors Creeks, and from thence downwards long Jim Crow Creek through Franklinford towards Yandoit fresh tunnels are going in at short intervals.\textsuperscript{162}

May 1861: In the Green Hills, on Yandoit Creek, several claims have lately been taken up, the Manchester Co. being duly expected to break into the gutter.\textsuperscript{163}

May 1861: In Alluvial ... the principal feature is the progress of the township's lead in Daylesford, the lead having as far as hitherto traced, proved itself of more than usual richness, £10 per week per man, being the minimum yield in several of the claims.\textsuperscript{164}

May 1861: King William Gully, Yandoit, the Young Extended Co. have shifted their engine.\textsuperscript{165}

June 1861: Immediately below Bryce's Flay, Sailors Creek, Reynolds and Co. are sluicing the surface.\textsuperscript{166}

June 1861: Yandoit ... a very great number on which 6 or 8 month's labour has been extended, as yet unsuccessful, are reserved for want of funds, excess water, or other reasons; a frequent one of which is the contributing shareholders neglecting to pay up their calls, thus compelling the working shareholders to look to the surrounding alluvial workings for their existence.\textsuperscript{167}
June 1861: In Yandoit the whole of Frenchman's Hill has been taken up for tunnelling; a race has been cut from the Yandoit Creek and most parties are doing well ... The Manchester Co. has sunk a shaft on Yandoit Hill. 168

July 1861: Melvin's Reef, the whole ground has been deserted, engine is about to be removed.169

July 1861: The Fearnought Company (Addis and Co.) mining under Camp Street are eclipsing most of the quartz mining companies about Jim Crow, 250 tons yielded at a rate of 2_ oz. per ton.170

July 1861: Adelaide Reef have purchased and refiled a mill worked by water wheel on sailor's Creek.171

July 1861: On Parkers, Specimen Reef, the Dry Diggings Co. have now made arrangements with a party from Sandy Creek to furnish machinery.172

July 1861: Trogish Reef, prospectors getting a kiln ready.173

July 1861: New German Reef, erecting steam crushing machine on Yandoit Creek.174

July 1861: The destruction of the Hepburn Reservoir on 14 July through drifting timber accumulating in the bye-wash.175

July 1861: The only notable event in sluicing has been the cutting of new race from the head of Sailor's Creek towards the heads of Old Tom, German Gully, and vicinity, and six or seven sluicing claims have been taken up in these gullies.176

July 1861: Tunnelling - In Italian or Hard Hill, Stony Creek Ridge, and Elevated Plains, a considerable number of miners are now engaged.177

July 1861: Wombat Hill Co., sinking shaft.178

July 1861: The Shepherd’s Flat G.M. Co. is engaged in removing engine to new shaft.179

July 1860: Forty Foot - The Phoenix Company, at the head of Forty Foot, have got their shaft down 200 ft.180

July 1861: Glengower ... Only about 30 or 40 people are now living in the locality, and apparently making a good living.181

August 1861: Wombat Reef - The Cornish party have been laying down tramway, completing their machinery, pumping and otherwise ... South of this company a large claim has been taken up by a company to be called the "Argus" is in course of formation to work this ground by bringing in a tunnel from Smith's Creek ... On Colliers Reef ... The Havelock Co. intend bringing in a tunnel from the foot of the hill.182
August 1861: Parker's Specimen Reef ... company called the Prince Llewellyn.  
August 1861: Discovered reefs in Jim Crow include Gray's Reef, Frenchman's, Luther's, Mauritizians, Doctors and Commissioners.  
August 1861: The only new ground taken up for puddling and sluicing has been the head of Old Tom Gully, Champagne, and surrounding workings in the western portion of Jim Crow ... a race has been cut to the ground from Sailor's Creek above the Sailor's Creek Fall.  
August 1861: On Hard Hill, Stony Creek, 3 tunnels have now broken into the gutter.  
August 1861: Table Hill and most of the basaltic hills along Sailor's Creek and Doctors' Gully are fully occupied.  
August 1861: Northern portion of Elevated Plains between Breakneck and Excelsior hotel, five tunnels are going ahead across the old workings ... Between Shepherd's Flat and Franklinford one tunnel in Moore's Gully, prospecting for the northern continuation of the Elevated Plains Lead, has struck a narrow lead.  
August 1861: On the Township Lead, Spence and Co. tunnel have broken into the gutter.  
August 1861: In Glengower, on Deep Creek, hill worked two years ago by tunnels being looked at again.  
Sept 1861: Specimen Reef, or the White Reef, Specimen Hill, Wombat Creek ... company has been formed.  
Sept 1861: On Emu Reef, the Hong Kong Co has purchased an engine.  
Sept 1861: Adelaide Reef or the Welcome Reef, head of Don't-wake-em ... several claims working.  
Sept 1861: Parker's Specimen Reef, Prince Llewellyn Co. ... erecting machinery ... and have purchased Wilson's race, from Wallowbee Creek to Shepherd's Flat, passing through the company's site for machinery, and dam, for the sum of £115.  
Sept 1861: Glengower - last 18 months shafts have been sinking on Oliver Cromwell Reef, Sardinian Reef, and Boatswain's Reef.  
Sept 1861: Discovery of Whiskey Lead, near Champagne Gully.  
Sept 1861: Glengower - some 50 or 60 miners are working with various successes in the old shallow ground, principally Stockyard Gully.
Oct 1861: Sportsman Reef, Dry Diggings, Blythman & Co. erecting machinery.  

Oct 1861: The principal localities for puddling during last season were Chinaman's Flat, Blind Creek, and surrounding gullies, commanded by water races and generally where running water was easily available, near Spring Creek, Sailor's Creek etc; but this season puddling machines are gradually making their appearance in the western portion of the division - such as Old Tom, Champagne, Brandy Hot, Break-of-Day, and adjacent gullies...Sluicing does not this season employ so large a number of miners as formerly; the principal reason for which is, that the beds of our creeks and adjoining low banks are nearly worked out, and to cut races now sufficiently high to work the high ground would be too expensive in proportion to the length of the time such races would be likely to supply the claims. The principal more extensive races already cut, command water-rights out of the creeks, according to their date of construction, and races cut now would therefore, in all probability, hardly be able to obtain water for more than two or three months during the season. Several of these races, already cut, have attained a considerable height above the creeks, and might, perhaps be profitably extended to localities where hitherto sluicing has been an impossibility; but to carry these races for any distance would, owing to the broken nature of the ground, and consequent frequent crossing of deep gullies and creeks, in some cases more than 200 feet beneath the height of the race attained, be a work of more than ordinary magnitude, and generally too expensive to be undertaken by private enterprise.  

Oct 1861: In tunnelling the principal news during the last month come to my knowledge is the breaking through to reef of Messrs Hart and Company, and Respini and Company, on the Elevated Plains, immediately north of Mr Meggett's private property ... The rest of the plains to the north-westward is taken up, and tunnels are busily being driven in.  

Oct 1861: On Italian Hill ... a number of parties are at work. Stony Creek Ridge, Fiery Hill, is now nearly completely gutted out, and a great portion of the old workings has settled down from the surface. Sebastopol Hill, most of the workings have shared the same fate.  

Oct 1861: Along Jim Crow Creek, from Shepherd's Flat to Yandoit, nearly all the ground is occupied, and the few tunnels broken through are doing well ... In Yandoit, the greater portion of the Green or Bald Hills are taken up for tunnelling.  

Oct 1861: Township Lead is nearly worked out between Doctors Gully and Vincent Street ... productive companies further along the lead include Emerald G. M. Co. and Wombat Hill G. M. Co.  

Nov 1861: The alluvial companies in Yandoit are, one after the other, disappearing. They have all got gold in their respective claims, but the ground will not pay for it is being worked on a large scale, the gold generally being found in a few narrow gutters, and the quantity of stuff therefore not being adequate to keep the machines employed. The last of the companies, the Grand Duke, have also suspended operations [end of deep lead mining at Yandoit?]  

Dec 1861: Melvin's Reef ... lately taken up again.  

Dec 1861: On the Stony Creek Ridge, dividing Long or Black Swamp from Blind Creek, several claims have lately been taken up for prospecting.  

Dec 1861: Wombat Reef, Wombat Hill, the Cornish party are principally crushing for hire ... Colliers Reef, whole of the claims are at a standstill ... Connell's Reef, the whole of the ground is deserted.
Dec 1861: Prince Llewellyn Co, crushing machine ... Sportsman's Reef, crushing machine being erected.\textsuperscript{209}

Dec 1861: Hoggett's Reef, the Morning Star Co. busy fitting up a new steam engine intended to drive a battery of 12-heads.\textsuperscript{210}

Dec 1861: Oliver Cromwell's Reef, intended to erect a battery powered by water wheel.\textsuperscript{211}

Dec 1861: Tunnelling - this branch of mining is mostly prosecuted by Italians, from whom it is very difficult to obtain any information.\textsuperscript{212}

Dec 1861: Township Lead is still paying handsomely ... Emerald Co. and Wombat Hill G. M. Co.\textsuperscript{213}

1860-1864: The Cornish Q.M. Co. was an amalgamation of 16 Cornish miners' grounds worked as a Co-op syndicate who bought out various other small claim owners who had worked the ground between 1854 and 1860. This syndicate had sunk only with whims and whips, using independently owned crushing machines between 1860-1863. \textsuperscript{214}

1860-1864: Cornish Company paid in dividends, from 1860 to 1864, an amount of £24,000 ... The company's lease is traversed by the Crown Reef, Black Reef, Collier's Reef and Roman Eagle Reef\textsuperscript{215}

1860s: First known as Wombat Hill Reefs: Eureka or Eastern Reef, top of the hill, Stanley Street region. Crown Reef, next west, running roughly along Queensberry Street; Cornish Reef, slightly below Queensberry Street, and crossing Orford Street; Bonard's shaft, Orford Street, mullock dump and site of Thomas's Lookout in the 1940s, close to the corner of Orford's and Grant's Streets; Cornish shaft, south of Bonard's, but not as far as Houston Street; Colliers shaft (renamed Mitchell’s), south of Bonard’s, on the line of Orford Street, junction of Orford and Houston streets, the shaft was right in the junction and was on the earliest reef opened up by Parsons and Cockley in 1854 (Colliers Reef); Sandstone Reef, between the Cornish and Colliers reefs.\textsuperscript{216}

early 1860s: Mines associated with the Corinella were - Grand National, originally known as Blanket Flat Co. (1862); Great Extended Co. and the United Military Co. (top of the range). Both 1865. Brandy Hot was north of the deep lead mines and was a 'jewellers shop'. Keep it Dark alluvial and reef is - north of Brandy Hot ... first opened by James Walker in the late 1850s. Walker got some fantastic crushings from the shallow depths on the reef 16 tons/235 oz. and 12 tons/321 oz in 1872. Walker also managed the Keep it Dark Co. ... other mines were South Keep it Dark, Last Chane and Salmon's claim. East of the Keep It Dark area and east of the road to the Don't Wake Em Gully was prospected by Richardson and party about 1860 ... it was already a well worked alluvial gully all the way down into Bald Hill Creek. One of the reefs found was the General Gordon and a little south were the Dannevirkre and Adelaide Reef companies.\textsuperscript{217}

1860s: Cornish Company's battery on top of spur that runs out to the Argus area.\textsuperscript{218}

early 1860s: One of the mines between Cooomoora and Glenlyon was the Bank of England in the Kangaroo Creek area ... there was intensive alluvial mining in this part of Kangaroo Creek.

early 1860s: North-eastern slopes of Italian Hill, leading down into Jubilee Lake are several very early tunnels ... Wilson drove three tunnels high up in the north-eastern slope. Paganetti's Italian Hill tunnel was the longest from the Lake area and goes in close on a mile, to near the British Champion shaft. Cacerote's Federal tunnel - western face of hill, beside the later Ballarat rail
line ... on the north were the British Empire and the Royal Standard ... On the north-east was
the Magenta tunnel and the south-west Wombat Creek. Pozzi and Fumbergers Long Tunnel
was discovered in 1857 and worked continuously by the party, or syndicates, from 1862 to
1912. It is about 1 mile long, going eastwards ... Water from the tunnel was used in the State
Government battery ... Walker's worked the tunnel in the 1930s. Mouth of Long tunnel, just
below the road leading to Jubilee Lake Road eastwards up Patterson Street. The much-reduced
dump of this mine is just south of where this road leads off eastwards. 219

early 1860s: The minor rush of 200 men to a gully east of Adam's Hill gave birth to the Garibaldi mine on
the north, followed by the Daylesford Alluvial, the Golden Gate and Fountain Head. Adam's
Hill under Smiths Street ... On the opposite side, east of Wombat Hill, the Red White & Blue
Co. ... Danish Danne Broge Co., worked Deadman's Lead ... also on the lead were the
California Co., the Scottish and Cornish ... further east was the O'Hara Burke party and
another lead going to Coomoora. 220

early 1860s: Deep Lead - At Eganstown the Corinella Lead also proved highly successful. 221

early 1860s: Deep Lead - Continuation of the Township Lead ... The really successful mines of the early
1860s were those formed to follow the Township Lead of buried alluvials ... originally worked
as Doctor's Gully ... companies formed to work it included the Township Lead Co.
Commercial Union Co. Wombat Hill Co. Union Co. Haphazard Co. and Royal Oak Co. To
the mid-1860s, the lead had won yielded some 250,000 oz. of gold ... Other companies
included Defiance, White Star, Exchequer Co. Concordia Tunnel Co. and Astley Co. 222

early 1860s: Chinese mining and camps. Many of the tunnels into the elevated plains, south-eastern slopes,
opposite Hepburn were also known as Chinese tunnels ... Chinese alluvial workers were spread
along Spring Creek, Jim Crow Creek and up Sailors and Wombat creeks and gullies. Their
chief camp was in Hepburn, right on top of the steep bank of Spring Creek between the present
17th and 20th Streets ... there were market gardens at the south end of Perrins St (now covered
by Lake Daylesford) and others in Sailors Creek, Stony Creek and Kidd's Gully. 223

c.1864-1869: Main mines of the Coomoora area ... the next claim was the Perseverance, its dump can be
seen opposite the Porcupine Ridge turn-off. Next was Newton's (these two later amalgamated)
and then just 1,000 ft south of the coming Coomoora township site was the first Wallaby
claim. After persistent efforts with water it closed in 1864, and another was started nearer the
road by Corkill and Co. Around about Coomoora town were smaller mines such as the Pig,
the Squirrel, the Energetic, the Creavey and opposite Snake Hill, near the flour mill was the
Duke of Cornwall, where finally the supposed still Daylesford Township Lead was lost. The
Duke of Cornwall mine was a wealthy mine ... Many other mines were sunk through the basalt
trying to trace this lead, but only one the Daylesford struck another tributary with some
success. They ran a tramline to wash their dirt at the Wallaby machines, 29 in numbers. Theirs
was a fine white gravel much prized for town footpaths ... Eastwards of Coomoora various
tunnels into the western bank of the Loddon - with little success. 225

219 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.17-18
220 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20
221 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.12
222 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.13-14
223 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.39
224 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.37-38
225 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.15
mid 1860s: The deep leads of Mt. Franklin and Franklinford. Two main leads were enriched by the Dry Diggings Reefs ... first of several shafts of the Shakespeare Co ... Further north the lead was sunk on near William Strawhorn's present home ... shaft was 157ft deep ... the lead was a wet one, and in an attempt to drain it a tunnel was driven in from Jim Crow Creek, just opposite where the creek runs alongside the road west of the area ... went in for a 1,000 yards. Leviathan Company. North of the Township of Franklinford the lead was worked by the New Era, just north of the Franklinford Cemetery ... the same lead continues running down to the Yandoit-Jim Crow bridge, and has been worked from tunnels coming in from the creek and heading eastwards. Directly to the west of Mt. Franklin another lead headed from Jim Crow Creek and was worked by the Robert Burns ... Other mines to work these leads were the Champion, Knickerbocker and the Mt. Franklin Co.226

1863-1864: First free companies to register were the Old Cornish in the centre about where Orford and Houston Streets cross. At the south end, just above the Smiths Creek northern side the Argus claims, and on north of Stanbridge Street the Fear Not Co. 227

1863-1864: Deep lead mining, then northern end of the Crown Reef is thought to have been the source of the Union-Township Lead, and various tunnels had been driven north-east under Stanbridge and Queensberry Street ... One of these was the Spillacis Tunnel of about 1400ft running north-east under the North Crown lease in Queensberry Street ... Swiss miners. 228

1864-1889: The Cornish Quartz Co. was registered with the capital increased to 1300 shares of £3-10-0 each. Most were taken up by the original 16. Some of them retired and went home to Cornwall. With the formation of a company and new winding engine, the shaft (Bonnards) was bailed out, but the results were disappointing. So a new shaft was sunk nearer the Havelock, seeking the Crown lode ... eventually the company sank to 600-ft. using the two main shafts, Bonnards and Colliers. The original Cornish Co. continued as a good dividend up until 1886. Wound up in 1889. 229

Jan 1863: A considerable number left the division for New Zealand. Quartz mining is reported to be attracting a large share of public attention, but no new discoveries ...The want of water much felt, and puddling and sluicing operations are at a standstill.230

Jan 1863: Tunnelling is progressing much the same as usual. This branch of mining is not so much affected by the scarcity of water as others, because of the general rule, the tunnel from which the gutter is worked produces water enough to feed a puddling machine, and the more gravelly stuff is therefore stacked until the following winter, only sufficient of the most clayey stuff being washed to keep the party going. A couple of large claims have been taken up at the head of Sailor's and Copper's Creeks, near the dividing range.231


Daylesford, Glenlyon, Sailors Creek, Spring Creek - Spring Creek and Old Racecourse, Doctors and Cobblers Gully, Kidd's Gully, Welshman's Gully, Woman's Gully, and Elevated Plains. Dry Diggings - Dry Diggings, Middleton Creek, and Sawpit Gully. Fryingpan and Shepherds Flat, Glengower.232
Blanket Flat (Eganstown). The centre of Eganstown was the rich alluvial flat along Champagne Gully ... it was generally known as Blanket Flat. 233

1864:

Parties at Blanket Flat and Whisky Lead were Terry and party using Bianci's race; Miser and party; Dutson, Goldie, Manners near Corinella Hotel in an adit; Emil Hall and party at Sailors and Stony Creek. Baird and party, Prince of Wales Co. in Don't Wake Em Gully. Champagne Gully, north into Egan's PR - not worked till late, when sluicers, the Sullivan Brothers, went through it an uncovered the Corinella Mineral Springs. Emu Gully and the Emu reefs (at head of the gully) were worked with an open cut and various small shafts. A little further on was a later mine, the Wheal Doria. Bell's Reef mines. Old Adams and New Adams Reef mines - between Telegraph Road junction and Sailors Falls ... Deepest shaft 300ft, largely pine forest now. Reef mines in the ranges between Eganstown and Brandy Hot and Deep Creek - included the Alabama, Olive Branch and the Tandagree. 234

March 1864:

The prosecution of deep alluvial sinking in and around Daylesford, and the prospecting generally, with promising results, of the large, comparatively new tract of ground between Daylesford and the Loddon, have caused a steady increase to our mining population 235

March 1864:

Main gold producers - Fearnot United, Cornish and York, Havelock Co., Cornish Co., Daylesford Co., Specimen Co., and Wonderful Co. 236

June 1864:

A company called "The Arastra" has been formed, and machinery erected, with the view of operating upon the large quantity of quartz tailings accumulated in Wombat Flat ... accumulated from the Cornish Co.'s engine and engines in Long and Johnson's gullies. 237

June 1864:

Puddling and sluicing - These branches of mining have enough water and are generally in full operation ... Some two or three of the more extensive races, Wardle's, Coppock's, and Prestwich's, have only commenced running ... Nearly the whole of Don't-wake-em, Butterfly, Sulky, and Scotty's gullies have been taken up for sluicing purposes, as also the lower part of Boot's, where water will be supplied by Croker's race from Sailor's Creek. 238

June 1864:

Tunnelling does not offer any new features ... the Mysterious Co tunnel at Elevated Plains has reached a new gutter. At Brandy Hot, the Tandragee tunnel is expected to break into deep ground. 239

June 1864:

Deep sinking in and around Daylesford monopolising greater attention - Haphazard, Homeward Bound, Union, Wombat, Defiance, and White Star companies are paying handsome dividends. 240

June 1864:

At Stony Creek, the Rob Roy Co. have enlarged their shaft and completed whim ... Greenwood Co., in same area, progressing. 241

June 1864:

Mystery Co., Stony Creek Basin, no satisfaction. 242

June 1864:

Big Flat, Dry Diggings, the Shakespeare Co. has struck payable gold at 75ft. 243

June 1864:

Number of claims secured along Jim Crow Creek, from Shepherd's Flat to Franklinford. 244

---

233 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
234 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
235 Mining Surveyors' Reports
236 Mining Surveyors' Reports
237 Mining Surveyors' Reports
238 Mining Surveyors' Reports
239 Mining Surveyors' Reports
240 Mining Surveyors' Reports
241 Mining Surveyors' Reports
242 Mining Surveyors' Reports
243 Mining Surveyors' Reports
244 Mining Surveyors' Reports
June 1864: Brandy Hot - Prince of Wales, Golden Gate, and Independent companies yielding good returns, the Morning Star also raising payable dirt.245

June 1864: At Gelgower a company formed for sinking a shaft on a plain near Campbelltown.246

Sept 1864: Chief quartz gold producers - Lucini Quartz Mining Co., Cornish Quartz Mining Co., Daylesford Quartz Mining Co., and Havelock Quartz Mining Co.247

Sept 1864: Everything in most satisfactory condition, especially alluvial mining. Although in most instances local capital has been found sufficient for present requirements, a considerable amount of foreign capital has been introduced, giving a great impetus to mining enterprise, and greatly enhancing the general value of scrip; in fact, the desire to invest has in some instances been carried as far as to partake more of speculation then legitimate enterprise ... Quartz mining has, during the late excitement, been almost lost sight of.248

Sept 1864: Puddling and sluicing - In comparison with former winters, the number of miners engaged is but small, owing to the fact, that most low lying and easily available ground has been worked out, and Messrs Coppock and Company's and Croker and Company's races have not been found sufficient to supply claims taken up in the early part of the winter, and the deep sinking around Daylesford has generally been found the most attractive employment during the season.249

Sept 1864: Coppock and Co. are sluicing Sulky Gully, once so famous for its nuggets, and although they have not washed up their tail ditch ... The race from Langdon's Creek, known as Pretswich and Co.'s, of which so much is expected, does not appear to be in use this winter.250

Sept 1864: Tunnelling does not afford any new features ... no new ground but the old favourite hills are well patronised.251

Sept 1864: At Deep Creek, the Ballarat Co. are treating with a company for the sale of their claim, tunnel and plant ... At Glengower, the Glengower Gold Mining Co. have got their shaft down about 80 feet.252

Sept 1864: At Book Hill, a number of tunnels are being worked from Week's Flat, and these, as well as the tunnels under adjoining Elevated Plains are all clearing fair dividends.253

---

245 Mining Surveyors' Reports
246 Mining Surveyors' Reports
247 Mining Surveyors' Reports
248 Mining Surveyors' Reports
249 Mining Surveyors' Reports
250 Mining Surveyors' Reports
251 Mining Surveyors' Reports
252 Mining Surveyors' Reports
253 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Sept 1864: Deep alluvial sinking is, just at the present, the main attraction of the division and will, from all appearance remain so for many years ... The Royal Standard have got their engine going ... The Nelson G. M. Co. have bottomed their shaft ... The lead is supposed to trend in a north-westerly direction towards Glenlyon, and in that direction the California Co. has proved the existence of deep ground, and the O'Hara Burke Co. actually struck gold comparatively shallow. The excitement spread, and I believe, there is hardly at present, from the township to the junction of Kangaroo Creek and Loddon River, a block of private property or Crown Land that have not been secured under the mining bye-laws for mining purposes. In the meantime a company who has leased Mr. Parker's Station, and for some time boring, demonstrated the existence of an ancient river bed in that locality; and from the deepest bore obtained a fair sample of gold; and further down, on the supposed course, the New Year's Co. and Franklinford Co. also found deep ground, and the rush, in consequence, found vent in that direction. Between the heads of Wombat Creek and Kangaroo Creek, the Wombat Extension Co. are now down 170 feet, and expect to shortly bottom; and the ground in that locality has lately been taken up by 600 men, the companies being now in the course of formation.254

Sept 1864: Shallow alluvial mining is at a discount all over the district, except at Shicer's Gully, where a patch of payable ground has been discovered at the foot of the hill, but is only sufficient to employ miners living in the vicinity.255

Dec 1864: Main quartz companies - New Cornish Quartz Mining Co., Havelock Q. M. Co., Cornish and York Q. M. Co., and Wonderful Q. M. Co.256

Dec 1864: Mining affairs in a healthy state. In fact, on reviewing the past year, its is at once noticeable, that, on no year since the discovery of gold in the division, has the progress been at all comparable. While the yield of gold shows a very high average throughout the year, in proportion to the population: twenty-five steam engines of an aggregate power equal to 532 horses and representing a capital of upwards of £25,000 have been added to our mechanical appliances, and in addition to our dividend paying companies; nearly all the ground east of Daylesford, from the coast-range to Holcombe Station, both private and Crown lands, has been secured by well organised mining companies, mostly now in full operation ... Although the greatest attention has been directed to alluvial mining ... quartz mining has been successful, and from the splendid returns of the Specimen Reef.257

Dec 1864: Deep lead - favourite branch of mining, and on the Township Lead, the Union, Haphazard, and Wombat companies are still clearing good dividends. [Some mines not doing well] ...Hand-of Friendship and Hope companies wound up, and Dannebrog and Red White & Blue companies are at a standstill. At Italian Hill, the Royal Standard has suffered a delay and working the lead are Nelson Co., Florence Nightingale, and Waterloo Co. Wombat Extension Co. has bottomed at 260 feet, and if the results are favourable, the consequence to the district can hardly be overrated. As far as may be judged, this would demonstrate the existence of a run of deep ground from the Dividing Range to the Comoora Co.’s ground, at Wallaby Creek.

Dec 1864: Another run of deep ground seems to commence from the range, near the same point, and trend in a north-easterly direction towards the Glenlyon township reserve.258

Dec 1864: At Blanket Flat the Extended Co. have also bottomed, after nearly four years incessant work.259

Dec 1864: At Brandy Hot the usual activity prevails, but some of the claims are nearly worked out ... the Tandragee tunnel is draining the deep ground. The Last Chance is waiting for machinery.260

Dec 1864: At Glengower, only one company, the Interior, are at work.261

254 Mining Surveyors' Reports
255 Mining Surveyors' Reports
256 Mining Surveyors' Reports
257 Mining Surveyors' Reports
258 Mining Surveyors' Reports
259 Mining Surveyors' Reports
260 Mining Surveyors' Reports
261 Mining Surveyors' Reports
1864-1874: During the nine years successful mining carried out by the present company, the resources of the mine have been systematically and extensively developed, and the resulting in gold to the value of £135,000 being obtained. ... So that from the opening of the mine to the present date (1874), 140,000 tons of quartz has been crushed, yielding a grand total of 46,250 oz., realising in value £185,000. The dividends paid (exclusive of the £50,000) amount to £60,580. There are four steam winding, pumping and crushing engines constantly employed with 120 men, 60 of who are engaged on the tribute system.262

1864: Some companies were both deep lead and quartz - Crown Company was first registered as an alluvial mining company; squeezed between Queensberry and Stanbridge St corner was the Havelock Company; and squeezed between Cornish and Stanbridge St. near Camp Street corner was the Roman Eagle.263

1864: Crown Company, main shaft in 1864 was 210 ft, and a battery of 8 heads was used.264

1865: Argus Q. M. Co., part of their ground crossing Smyth’s Creek, their original ground included a shaft of Sampson and party which they deepened, they also ran two tunnels in from Smyth’s Creek going westwards265

1865: Argus Company also put in three tunnels 400-ft into the Smyth’s Creek heading eastwards from the south-east bank, seeking the Cornish Reef.266

mid 1860s-1870s: Main mines south of Stanbridge Street were: Cornish Company; Argus Company; Fear Not Company; Crown Company; Queens Q M Co. South of the Crown Company ... their dump now forms the south end of Queensberry Street. North Crown, north of the Crown, then Trimble and Company. Cornish & York near the Stanbridge Street corner. It was a short-lived mine.267

March 1865: Quartz mining has attracted considerable attention, principally owing to the splendid returns obtained by the Specimen Hill Co., in consequence of which 12 claims, containing upwards of 12 miles, have been taken up along the line of reef.268

March 1865: In Daylesford, the old companies that hitherto have held the sway - the Cornish, Havelock, Cornish and York, and the Fearnot United companies - do not appear t have been crushing ... The Wonderful Reef has also turned out pretty well.269

March 1865: The Dannevirke Co. has declared several dividends lately.270

March 1865: At Yandoit, the Prince of Wales has been the most successful. After working for more than a year.271

262 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
263 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.25
264 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
265 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
266 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
267 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.23
268 Mining Surveyors’ Reports
269 Mining Surveyors’ Reports
270 Mining Surveyors’ Reports
271 Mining Surveyors’ Reports
March 1865: Deep lead mining offers but little of public interest. In Daylesford, the Union and the Haphazard companies continue work with varying success ... Two of the promising prospecting companies about the district, namely, the Wombat Creek Extension, and the Great Extended on Blanket Flat.272

June 1865: Trafalgar Q. M. Co. have lately struck the Nuggety Reef in their claim and obtained 10oz. per ton.273

June 1865: On Italian Hill, the Federal Co. has broken into the gutter at about 1,800ft.274

June 1865: At Deep Creek, the whole of Fiery Hill has been retaken up.275

June 1865: At Elevated Plains, most of the old tunnelling companies are doing well north of Meggett's paddock.276

June 1865: At Yandoit, Shicer's and Frenchman's Hill are fully taken up.277

June 1865: Deep sinking is in a healthy condition, and the confidence, lost through the rush in the end of 1864, is gradually being re-established. The White Star and Exchequer companies paying handsome dividends, and the Comoora, Wallaby and Daylesford companies have all got into deep ground. Great Central Co reported to have good prospects; and the Durham, Albert Edward, and Great Eastern companies on same lead will shortly commence operations. No definite results have yet been obtained from the Band of Hope, Great Gulf, Wombat Creek Extension, and other companies prospecting in the south-eastern part of the division, but in most of them work is being carried out with unabated vigour.278

Sept 1865: Most of the low ground and creek beds have been worked out, and barely afford employment to half the number of Chinese that used to be engaged during previous winters ... There are now two races in course of construction from Deep Creek to Yandoit; and Messrs Croker and Co.'s race from Sailor's Creek will probably be extended to the same locality, although that will in a great measure depend upon whether the lower part of Boots Gully and Bald Hill Creek will be able to afford work for another season. The race from Langdon's Creek to Champagne Gully has never been completed, and is not in fact now required, Bianchi's race from Splitters Creek, commanding nearly the same ground. It has however been so far of use to enable claimholders in the upper part of Italian Gully, Deep Creek, to sluice their ground ... Coppock and Co. are sluicing in Sulky Gully, besides supplying dams along the course of their race, and several sluicing parties in the upper end of Boot's and Don't-Wake-em gullies.279

Sept 1865: Tunnelling continues the same ... At Italian Hill the New Federal G. M. Co. have reached the gutter at about 1800ft ... At Deep Creek the principal tunnels under Sebastopol Hill are in full work ... At Stony Creek some half a dozen tunnels are still occupied.280

Sept 1865: Elevated Plains continues tolerably well, most of the tunnels from dry diggings being in full work, including St Helena G. M. Co and Britannia G. M. Co. ... Further down Jim Crow Creek a few tunnels on private property, north of Franklinford, continue to yield handsome returns.281

Sept 1865: Yandoit - Shicer Hill is fully occupied ... Frenchman's Hill is now exclusively in the hands of Chinese.282

---

272 Mining Surveyors' Reports
273 Mining Surveyors' Reports
274 Mining Surveyors' Reports
275 Mining Surveyors' Reports
276 Mining Surveyors' Reports
277 Mining Surveyors' Reports
278 Mining Surveyors' Reports
279 Mining Surveyors' Reports
280 Mining Surveyors' Reports
281 Mining Surveyors' Reports
282 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Sept 1865: This branch of mining still labouring under a depression, caused by the rush in Sept and Oct last year ... The Newton, Wallaby, Comooro and Daylesford companies, and Duke of Cornwall, are all reported to have struck gold, but the "salting" of the Bank of England claim is till borne in recollection.

Sept 1865: Towards Shepberds Flat matters are healthier, the Champion Co. opened on payable ground. The principal difficulty appears to be finding a suitable means of washing a sufficiently large quantity of stuff and disposing of the tailings. Sluicing has hitherto generally been found the most expeditious, and the same time safest mode of washing ordinary drift, but in this instance the stuff is rather clayey, and the fall available not sufficient to permit that operation being carried out to advantage. The remaining claims of note in that locality are the Royal Oak, Robert Burns, Knickerbocker, New Year, and Leviathan.283

Sept 1865: At Yandoit Plains, the Daylesford Extended G. M. Co. are busy erecting their engine.284

Sept 1865: At Glengower nearly all the available ground on the supposed course of the lead, or rather deep ground, struck by the Glengower G. M. Co.285

Sept 1865: Blanket Flat - nothing worthy of remark about Great Extended Co., and New National.286

Sept 1865: Nothing of note re Last Chance Co., Brandy Hot.287

Dec 1865: Depression - simply the inevitable reaction consequent upon over speculation ... At present half of out progressive companies are at a temporary stand ... Deep sinking is at present in a languishing condition, and money is so scarce that the prospects of a speedy recovery are by no means flattering. In all directions operations have been suspended.288

Dec 1865: Tunnelling - Ballaarat Tunnel Co., at Sebastopol Hill and Federal Co., Italian Hill, continue looking well.289

March 1866: Dannevirke Co., on Adelaide Reef, is now erecting powerful machinery.290

March 1866: Deep sinking still depressed.291

June 1866: The Specimen Hill Co. have not for some time been crushing, having been engaged in procuring and erecting additional powerful machinery; and the Nuggety Reef Company have also bee temporarily halted.292

June 1866: The Cornish, Havelock, Crown and North Crown, as also the Fear-not United companies continue in a healthy condition.293

283 Mining Surveyors' Reports
284 Mining Surveyors' Reports
285 Mining Surveyors' Reports
286 Mining Surveyors' Reports
287 Mining Surveyors' Reports
288 Mining Surveyors' Reports
289 Mining Surveyors' Reports
290 Mining Surveyors' Reports
291 Mining Surveyors' Reports
292 Mining Surveyors' Reports
293 Mining Surveyors' Reports
June 1866: In deep sinking - two companies are being watched ... Leviathan Co., private property, near Mount Franklin; and at Deep Creek, the Smeaton Estate Co. have their machinery completed, and are now engaged driving for a lead worked in the Ballarat Tunnel Co.'s tunnel. ... The Ballarat Tunnel Co. mine has been swamped, now spoken of erecting a steam engine at the end of the tunnel.294

Sept 1866: Smeaton Estate Co. calling for tenders to erect additional puddling machines.295

Dec 1866: Chief quartz gold producers - Old Cornish, Wonderful, and Specimen Hill ... The Wombat Hill quartz reefs. Extending in parallels therefrom, are being worked with varied success by the Cornish Co.296

Dec 1866: In Alluvial workings - the lead running north-easterly from Wombat Hill is being worked by the Exchequer, Cosmopolitan, Wallaby and Daylesford companies.297

Dec 1866: The Deep Creek Lead is one of importance, and is being worked by large parties of men from the bridge to Smeaton ... The Ballarat Tunnel Co. the Smeaton Estate Co., Messrs Christensen, Morganti, Franconi, and others, are working hereon, and employ hundreds of men, together with the machinery of almost every description, and of considerable value.298

1867-1874: Cornish Quartz Company - In the year 1867 thought advisable to sink below the water level, and to erect pumping and winding machinery, and also to erect more crushing power. A new 16-head battery was erected under the supervision of Mr W. Burall, of this town, and pumping gear attached which worked a 6-inch lift in a shaft near the site of the present battery; and at the same time it was resolved to register the company under the Act as a limited company, and in this style work was pursued anew, and the shaft now known as the 'Old Shaft' on the Wombat lode was commenced and continued to its present level, viz., 520 feet; and from this shaft the books of the company show that very nearly 200,000 tons of stone have been raised to date, producing a yield of 51,964 oz 16 dwt 6 gr of gold. Winding and pumping machinery was erected on this shaft as the depth requiring such was reached. Operations at this shaft were discontinued by the late manager, but within the last year it has again been placed in thorough repair and work resumed; and the manager is of the opinion that a very large quantity of stone will yet be raised from this part of the mine, and it is to be hoped that it will prove sufficiently remunerative to meet the heavy outlay in other parts of the claim; but as we purpose saying something presently of what is going on at the new (or main) shaft, we will digress a little by stating that in the year 1874 the company occupied the premier position in the Hepburn district.299

1867 to 1888: Cornish Company crushed 169,809 tons for 51,067 oz ... They have paid no dividends since 1884 ... The Company have the most powerful and elaborate plant in the district, comprising all the most improved mechanical appliances for winding, pumping and crushing. The drainage from the underground workings is of a very formidable character, viz., 8,000 gallons an hour, costing £54 per week, the number of men employed on average being 80.300

1867-1880: Argus Company, 17,799 tons at 4_ dwts per ton.301

1867: Trafalgar amalgamated with neighbour, formed the Nuggety Ajax ... Nuggety Ajax, old shaft lies directly in the far western part of the middle of Raglan Street ... mine's dam is the reed covered one just north-west of the shaft in Connell's shaft.302

March 1867: 12,500 oz. have been obtained from both quartz and alluvial workings; and the best authorities allot 4,500 oz. at the least from quartz reefs, and the remaining 8,000 oz., eight of our numerous companies working alluvial claims (viz. the Cosmopolitan, Corinella, Concordia,}

294 Mining Surveyors' Reports
295 Mining Surveyors' Reports
296 Mining Surveyors' Reports
297 Mining Surveyors' Reports
298 Mining Surveyors' Reports
299 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
300 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
301 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
302 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.32-33
Exchequer, Ballarat Tunnel, Smeaton Estate, Duke of Cornwall, and Daylesford Extended G. M. companies) have contributed over 4,000 oz. 303

March 1867: Yandoit companies - Chance, Morrisons, and Glamorgan - temporarily suspended 304

March 1867: The European mining population ... now engaged advantageously on their newly acquired farms, resulting from the efficacious working of the 42nd section of the Amending Land Act 1865. Our rich volcanic soil opening up a field by which mining and farming can be easily and advantageously combined. 305

March 1867: Iveson's Reef, in Blanket Flat and Deep Creek portion of the division - 50 tons/367 oz. from 125ft down.306

March 1867: Wonderful Reef ... company engaged in sinking a pumping and winding shaft, and contemplate the erection of an additional 12-head of stampers. 307

March 1867: Astley Co. has broken into the Cosmopolitan's workings ... their new steam engine. 308

March 1867: The late Corinella, now London and Phillip. 309

June 1867: Dee lead - The lead running north-easterly from Wombat Hill has been definitely followed to the Springs in Stanbridge PR; its is now heading through the Astley Co.'s claim, in a south-easterly direction towards O'Hara Burke's old claim.310

June 1867: Iveson's Reef, completed erection of engine and battery, one mile south-west of Corinella and south of Sebastopol Hill.311

June 1867: Nuggetty Reef. Company about to renew operations, and also to include the Trafalgar. The machinery ranks with the best in the district. 312

1867-1883: Ajax line of reef worked extensively by McMillan and party from 1867 to 1883 down to 280 feet ... this line is slightly east of the two Nuggetty Ajax mines ... a few hundred yards north of the present rubbish tip gat ... Mcmillan dome well, pocketed £40,000 ... after 1883 working was spasmodic and shallow 313

Sept 1867: The Astley Co. is erecting a second engine. They have purchased 10-heads of stamps.314

Dec 1867: Abundance Quartz Mining Co. is erecting powerful machinery and plant on the Scandinavian Reef. This will be found to be of great service to the Deep Creek and Blanket Flat quarter.315

Dec 1867: Cornish Quartz Mining Co., on Wombat Hill south, have recently extended their claim to 22 acres; they lately declared a dividend.316

---

303 Mining Surveyors' Reports
304 Mining Surveyors' Reports
305 Mining Surveyors' Reports
306 Mining Surveyors' Reports
307 Mining Surveyors' Reports
308 Mining Surveyors' Reports
309 Mining Surveyors' Reports
310 Mining Surveyors' Reports
311 Mining Surveyors' Reports
312 Mining Surveyors' Reports
313 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
314 Mining Surveyors' Reports
315 Mining Surveyors' Reports
316 Mining Surveyors' Reports
317 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Dec 1867: The Astley United G. M. Co. have been crushing cement, completed erection of 10-head battery; the average width of the gutter is 50ft, and depth is 138 ft; one engine of 27hp for pumping, and crushing; and a second engine for winding.318

Dec 1867: Federal Tunnelling Co., Italian Hill, is 2,500 feet, at a depth of 185 feet from grass.319

Dec 1867: Fern Tree Hill Co. has erected a battery of 6-stamps/10hp engine.320

Dec 1867: Ballarat Tunnel Co.'s, Deep Creek, abandoned ground taken up by Sailor Prince Co. ... expected to strike gutter 1800 feet from tunnel mouth.321

March 1868: Old Corinella Co.'s ground, Blanket Flat, yielded 2,580 oz.322

March 1868: A great number of claims have been taken up at Blanket Flat and Deep Creek.323

March 1868: Galatea G. M. Co., Fern Hill, down 11ft, supposed to be on same lead as Exchequer and Wombat Hill lead.324

March 1868: Duke of Cornwall Quartz Mining Co. ... working the ground formerly known as the claims of the Havelock and North Crown companies, situated between the Cornish Quartz Co. and the Cornish and French ... The Cornish Quartz Mining Co., may be ranked with the first in the district.325

March 1868: Cogley and party, St George's Reef, Kidd's Gully - battery of 4-heads.326

June 1868: Argus Quartz Mining Co., Wombat Hill south ... upon this claim are 5 distinct veins - Colliers, Sandstone, Cornish, Mullocky and Crown reefs ... The Duke of Cornwall's second engine erected.327

June 1868: St. George's Reef Quartz Co. has erected an engine on their claim ... the reef is southerly from the Mauritius Reef.328

June 1868: Pietro has completed the erection of his engine at Commissioners Reef.329

Sept 1868: A great number of smaller co-operative parties have been working on various unmentioned reefs throughout the district.330

Sept 1868: Rising Sun Quartz Mining Co., formerly Veal and party, at Frenchman's Reef, near Specimen Hill - 10hp and battery of 8-heads.331

Sept 1868: Parkers Specimen Reef Quartz Mining Co. has purchased their plant, consisting of two engine and battery.332

Yandoit - At Goldsmith's Reef, Hamburg and Steele's Reef, Sardine Reef, Hoggett's Reef and Malcolm’s Reef, parties, principally from Ballarat have taken up numerous claims.333
Sept. 1868: Treatment of pyrites may be attempted soon, though on a rude scale, at the Wombat Hill companies claims.334

Sept. 1868: Sebastopol Hill, ground formerly worked by Ballarat Co., worked by 20 men, the Sebastopol G. M. Co.335

Dec 1868: Argus Quartz Co., Wombat Hill South, is making arrangements to work jointly with the South Cornish Co.336

March 1869: Prince of Wales Q. M. Co. working south of the Argus Co. March 1869: March 1869: Yandoit, Engine of Daylesford Extension Co. to be erected at Sardines Reef.337

March 1869: Cornish Co., Wombat Hill, re-erected engine.338

March 1869: Astley Co. - crushed 4,974 tons of cement/799 oz.339

March 1869: Glengower - tunnelling vigorously being carried out.340

June 1869: Wheal Dorey Mining Co., erecting powerful machinery.341

June 1869: Wallaby Co., Comoora, obtained 297 oz. from 2,376 loads of washdirt.342

June 1869: Hadden & Co., Wallaby Creek, have completed machinery for driving 16-heads of stampers. A good crushing of dirt gave 27ozs.343

June 1869: The Great Tunnelling Co., Italian Hill, is now ready to commence operations.344

Dec 1869: Astley continues to pay dividends.

Dec 1869: The numerous tunnel claims are being more or less worked by parties of co-operative miners, and in most cases pay fair wages.345

Dec 1869: Specimen Hill Quartz Mining Co. - 17 heads of stampers, Hungarian mills, Chilian mill, and budde; and also the furnace. 346

March 1870: Astley Co. removing plant to Perseverance Co.’s property.347

March 1870: The Wallaby and Coomora United Co. have the deepest ground, and returns sufficient to erect stampers.348

March 1870: Gladstone G. M. Co. is in their tunnel a 1,000 feet from its mouth at Stony Creek.349

333 Mining Surveyors' Reports
334 Mining Surveyors' Reports
335 Mining Surveyors' Reports
336 Mining Surveyors' Reports
337 Mining Surveyors' Reports
338 Mining Surveyors' Reports
339 Mining Surveyors' Reports
340 Mining Surveyors' Reports
341 Mining Surveyors' Reports
342 Mining Surveyors' Reports
343 Mining Surveyors' Reports
344 Mining Surveyors' Reports
345 Mining Surveyors' Reports
346 Mining Surveyors' Reports
347 Mining Surveyors' Reports
348 Mining Surveyors' Reports
349 Mining Surveyors' Reports
March 1870: Freehold Quartz Mining Co., inside the town boundary - works are an open cutting 150ft long, 10ft wide and 40ft deep.350

March 1870: Ellesmere Co., down 55ft, about to erect a battery and engine of stampers.351

March 1870: Wheal Dorey and Hercules Quartz Mining Co. are both about to erect batteries of stampers.352

June 1870: Wallaby Co., Comoora, work their claim with 36 men ... they have a second engine to drive 10-heads of stamps ... 8,649 trucks, equal to 2,883 tons, 216 oz.353

June 1870: Astley Co. ... their valuable plant, including 12-inch pumps, and have added ten additional stampers.354

June 1870: Righetti's tunnel, 700 feet in, under Elevated Plains ... they crush by waterpower all the wash.355

June 1870: Pedrini and party at Franklinford are in 940ft.356

June 1870: The Great Tunnelling Co. is in 1,515ft.357

Dec 1870: Alluvial claims, especially those of sluicing and puddling, have, in consequence of the rainfall, contributed to swell our gold crop, which, from all sources, has considerably 10,000 oz. for the quarter ... The gold raised in this division during 12 months is nearly 35,000 oz.358

1871: Rocky Lead District, Daylesford - Nine years prior to the commencement of the Great Northern Parker (1880) a party of men opened a large formation of quartz situated about 3 miles north-west of the Great Northern Parker. This was known as the Try Again Company. Its mine is near the ridge of the divide Original party put shaft down 75 feet ... a new shaft was put down to 200 ft.359

1871-1878: Old North Cornish Company, 16,015 tons for 6,360 oz.360

1872-1876: Fearnought Company, 12,699 tons for 3,111 oz.361

June 1871: Quartz mining has been vigorously proceed with, the North Cornish being amongst the most prominent, 1655 tons yielding nearly 1 oz. per ton ... New Fear Not, Wombat Hill, are at 270ft. Cornish Quartz Mining Co. at work.362

June 1871: Hepburn Consols, at Mauritius Reef, are sinking.363

Dec 1871: A pyrites kiln is being erected at south of the Argus Co., which cannot but be of great benefit to this division.364

Dec 1871: Alluvial mining is principally confined to sluicing and puddling operations 365

350 Mining Surveyors' Reports
351 Mining Surveyors' Reports
352 Mining Surveyors' Reports
353 Mining Surveyors' Reports
354 Mining Surveyors' Reports
355 Mining Surveyors' Reports
356 Mining Surveyors' Reports
357 Mining Surveyors' Reports
358 Mining Surveyors' Reports
359 Bulletin of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 3, Rocky Lead District
360 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
361 Mining Surveyors Reports, June 1889
362 Mining Surveyors' Reports
363 Mining Surveyors' Reports
364 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Dec 1871: Deep sinking - Wallaby Gold Mining Co. at Comoora and Sailor Prince at Sebastopol are progressing ... The Astley has been sold and the splendid plant will be worked by a company named the Victoria at Comoora.  

March 1872: North Cornish - struck main lode at 300ft; No. 1 North Cornish - shaft 225ft; Ajax Company, Richardson's Reef, sunk engine shaft to 100feet and about to erect machinery; Cornish Extended Quartz Mining Co., Wombat Hill South, have sunk shaft to 160 feet, and are erecting a 20hp engine; and the Fear-not are at a depth of 313ft.  

March 1872: The Daylesford Pyrites Co. have a 6hp engine and furnace 30ft long; they also have two arastras; they expect to commence roasting and crushing quartz and pyrites immediately.  

March 1872: Wonderful Co., are again re-formed and refitting the engine and plant.  

March 1872: Victoria Quartz Co., Stony Creek, is swamped out, about to erect machinery.  

March 1872: Vineyards Quartz Co., St George's Reef, will open out at 145ft.  

June 1872: Cornish, North Cornish, and other companies on the same line, still continue to most successfully work. The North Cornish are erecting and additional engine.  

Sept 1872: Dunstan and party, Mauritius Reef ... purchased an engine and 8-head of stamps.  

Dec 1872: Keep-it-Dark Reef - An engine of 12hp and 10-head of stamps has been erected.  

Dec 1872: Alluvial working is principally carried on by small sluicing co-operative parties.  

March 1873: The Band of Hope Q. M. Co., Nuggetty Reef, are about to replace machinery on old Nuggetty Co.'s shaft.  

June 1873: Argus United Quartz Mining Co. - driving on the 573ft level ... Cornish Q. M. Co., excellent yields, continue to pay dividends.  

June 1873: Italian Hill Quartz Mining Co., struck good quartz at 200ft north of shaft ... The Cornish and Crown, Italian Hill.  

June 1873: Band of Hope, Nuggetty Reef ... intend to erect machinery.  

June 1873: No. 1 South Quartz Mining Co., St George's Reef ... tributers have succeeded in finding a shoot ... this has caused a spurt in mining operations in the immediate locality.  

June 1873: The Helvetia Q. M. Co., Wheelbarrow Point are in from the mouth of the tunnel 280ft ... four heads of stamps at work.
Sept 1873: Greater part of the gold for the quarter obtained from quartz mining.  

Sept 1873: The Burall's Co., Black Jack's, after fine prospects are erecting a battery and shaft deepened to 100 feet.  

Dec 1873: Nothing striking to note respecting mining operations.  

Dec 1873: The Cornish Quartz Co. still maintains its position as a good dividend payer.  

March 1874: Cornish Quartz Mining Co. Wombat Hill ... dividends paid regularly.  

March 1874: Eureka Quartz Mining Co., Milkman's Reef, intends erecting machinery; they are cutting an adit tunnel to the Welshman's Gully.  

June 1874: Cornish Quartz Mining Co. - a fourth engine to be erected shortly.  

June 1874: Risk's Quartz Mining Co., Glengower .. the battery is finished.  

June 1874: The Bongaghilmu (south of Anson's), Spring Creek, have erected an engine 8hp, 8-head of stamps.  

Sept 1874: Galatea G. M. Co., Fern Hill, have cleaned out abandoned shafts, have erected whim and puddling machine.  

Sept 1874: The Long Tunnel, formerly Great Tunnelling Co., Italian Hill, have recommenced and laying down a substantial tramway and iron rails.  

Sept 1874: The Cornish Co., maintains first position, have erected fourth engine - total 80hp will work up to 100hp.  

Sept 1874: Specimen Hill Co., being rewarded for their perseverance; the mine looks exceedingly well and dividends are being paid.  

Dec 1874: Cornish Co., added 6-stamps to machinery ... dividends regularly paid from 1866 to date; £140,000worth of gold obtained ... 125 men are engaged.  

1874: Cornish Company ... About this time the claim and plant of the Havelock Quartz Mining Company ... and the ground of the old Crown Company was purchased. These two claims whilst working had given a return (for 120,000 tons crushed) of 28,000 oz. Within this increased area ... and more particularly as a large proportion of the stone was of a low quality An additional crushing power of (8) heads was therefore erected, making in all 24 heads ... but the company (1888) contemplate shortly erecting a large battery, with all the latest improvement. A new shaft was also commenced in the Old Havelock ground, which ... in 1888 ... had reached 976 feet.  

381 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
382 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
383 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
384 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
385 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
386 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
387 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
388 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
389 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
390 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
391 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
392 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
393 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
394 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
395 Mining Surveyors' Reports  
396 Mining Surveyors Reports, March 1888
March 1875: North Cornish has dismissed tributers ... recommencing.\(^{397}\)

March 1875: Jefferies quartz mill, at Mauritius Reef, was destroyed by fire.\(^{398}\)

June 1875: Williams and party, Warrior Reef, have erected a portable engine, 10hp, 7-inch lifts.\(^{399}\)

June 1875: Argus United has sunk No. 1 tribute ... 30 men and boys now employed.\(^{400}\)

June 1875: Long Tunnel is in 2,800 feet, have payable wash.\(^{401}\)

Sept 1875: A few who follow the occupations of farmers and miners combined have turned their attention solely to farming for the present, thus showing an apparent diminution in the number of miners.\(^{402}\)

Sept 1875: The water races are all running freely, but cannot do so much longer; 150 heads is the nearest number that can be stated at work; the prices vary from 5s. to 35s. shift of 8 hours, but many of the race owners adopt the system of payment by results.\(^{403}\)

Dec 1876: The Pyrites Co. have purchased 2,000 tons of tailings from Lauriston to operate upon here.\(^{404}\)

Dec 1876: One engine from South Argus and one from Eureka are being re-erected at the North Star.\(^{405}\)

Dec 1876: A new engine is being erected at Ineson's Reef, and some are removed from the division; there are now 29 engine in the division in quartz workings, value £28,870.\(^{406}\)

March 1876: A new venture, the Spelling Bee Co, Specimen Hill, is down with a new shaft.\(^{407}\)

March 1876: Daylesford Q. M. Co., German Gully, down 300ft.\(^{408}\)

March 1876: Union tunnel, from Whitfield Gully, is in 320 feet.\(^{409}\)

March 1876: Perrin's tunnel, King William Gully, is in 360 feet.\(^{410}\)

March 1876: Victor's North Star engine, Doctor's Gully, has started.\(^{411}\)

March 1876: Ritter's, Smyth's Reef, have sunk four shafts.\(^{412}\)

June 1876: The Specimen Hill Company are erecting a fourth engine (winding), purchased from the Cornish Company.\(^{413}\)

June 1876: Cornish Co., employ 70 men.\(^{414}\)
June 1876: Glengower - The Spring Hill Lead being supposed to run through Middle Creek township, 50 men's alluvial claims have been taken up, also 50 quartz claims.415

Sept. 1876: The Franklinford Gold Mining Company is re-opening an abandoned shaft and is placing an 8 horsepower engine and 120 foot 7-inch lifts.416

Dec 1876: Specimen Hill Co. are at work ... dividends paid regularly, the tributers are getting gold on upper levels.417

1877-1886: A very important discovery was made of a reef at Blind Creek, a locality about 1 mile southwest from Daylesford, giving rise to the formation of the Rising Star Co. ... After the first two crushings, the party sank a new shaft and erected a small battery of eight stamps, with pumps, etc ... The company has an excellent plant comprising seven boilers and five engines - viz., one 20-in cylinder, 18-in, 16-in, 14-in, and 10-in; also 1,000 feet of pumps, and seven of Halley's tables ... Up to Jan 1886, main shaft had been sunk to a depth of 630 feet; £43,920 declared in dividends.418

1877: South Cornish Co., started on the south bank of Smyth's Creek. This latter being a Ballarat-based group ... re-opening Williams shaft of 1877.419

late 1870s: The New Specimen Hill Co. was then started, used a 20head battery and produced payable crushing to the end of WWI420

1877: Specimen Hill - Rising Star line of reef is about 600ft west of Specimen Hill line, discovered in 1877 by Rolleri & Massiminos party ... their 8-head battery. The shaft also finished up at 600ft. Up to 1886 dividends of £44,000 from 33,000 oz. ... Other mines were South Star and North Star, both did well421

March 1877: Franklinford Company is erecting an engine purchased at Smeaton some time since422

March 1877: Union Co. are in a tunnel at Whitfield's Gully, 663ft.423

June 1877: Some good quartz has been obtained From the Union Tunnel, north of Mauritius Reef. The South Argus engine and battery are being moved there424

Sept. 1877: Wilson's, Blind Creek, are down 70 feet; they have finished erection of engine and battery; eight heads stampers are at work425.

Sept. 1877: Union tunnel has got a good run of stone towards New North Hepburn lode.426

Dec 1877: The Cornish, Specimen Hill, and New North Cornish companies have been working from the surface to the lower levels by tribute.427

March 1878: Early in January a small rush occurred in Stoney Creek428

414 Mining Surveyors' Reports
415 Mining Surveyors' Reports
416 Mining Surveyors' Reports
417 Mining Surveyors' Reports
418 Bulletins of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 29, Some Daylesford mines, pp 9-10
419 Maddicks, H. T., 1951, p.23
420 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.37-38
421 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.37-38
422 Mining Surveyors' Reports
423 Mining Surveyors' Reports
424 Mining Surveyors' Reports
425 Mining Surveyors' Reports
426 Mining Surveyors' Reports
427 Mining Surveyors' Reports
428 Mining Surveyors' Reports
June 1878: The old Daylesford Lead has been re-opened by means of a shaft at the rear of the Commercial Hotel. The Keep-it-Dark South Claimholders are erecting a battery and machinery.

June 1878: Franklinford G. M. Co. shaft down 100ft.

Sept. 1878: The Rising Star, Frenchman’s Reef, is a comparatively new venture. The Franklinford G. M. Co. has put on 25 Chinese tributers, who are working on the gutter.

Sept 1878: The Keep-It-Dark South Co. has started their engine.

December 1878: The Rising Star at Blind Creek is sinking a new main shaft.

December 1878: The Specimen Hill Company’s plant and machinery were much injured by bushfires on the 1st January.

December 1878: The Argus Company is putting in pumps and lifts.

March 1879: The Specimen Hill Company’s claim and machinery have been purchased by Messrs MacMillan and Co.

March 1879: The Argus Company are still erecting machinery over main shaft, and are placing 9 inch pumps and lifts to 300 foot levels.

March 1879: The township lead is again being tested. Kessell and party have sunk a shaft from Miller’s property.

March 1879: There are numerous reefs in this division which have been, comparatively speaking, untouched, probably due in a great measure to the want of easy access from the outer mining centres. It is hoped that the completion of the railway works now in progress may lead to the district being brought more prominently under the notice of the mining public. This division is suffering greatly through various drawbacks, the most prominent of which is the want of outside capital to develop the goldfield.

March 1879: A crushing of wash is being done at Freeman’s battery.

June 1879: Alluvial working is but partial, as the races are not yet running, consequently many sluicers and puddlers are comparatively idle. The want of water for mining purposes is still severely felt. Great depression generally prevails in the region.

Sept. 1879: The Specimen Hill Quartz Mining Company is standing idle.
Sept. 1879: The Cornish Quartz Company is working in various shallow shafts on their claim.

Sept. 1879: Many sluicing parties await the washing of large heaps of washdirt, not altogether for want of water, but because custom exists of allowing such work to stand till the termination of the rainy or wet season in November.

December 1879: The Argus Quartz mining Company manager reports that one of Allan's safety cages has been obtained.

December 1879: The Cornish Quartz Company is down 300 feet in the new shaft situated east of the old shaft.
1880-1887: Rocky Lead District, Daylesford - Great Northern Parker lode, near Korweinguboora - yielded from the two mines which operated on it, about 3,000 oz. of gold, 2,000 oz. of which came from Jones' mine, situated at the northern end of the worked parts ... The greatest depth reached by the miners does not exceed 300 feet from the surface, but at this depth no opening works worth mentioning have been conducted. In fact, no stoping, below the 150-ft level. The yield from the mine averaged little more than 1 oz. per ton ... Shafts are about 3,000ft apart ... The Great Northern Parker's efforts commenced in the year 1880 and its mining ended in 1887

March 1880: The Rising Star Company, Blind Creek, are erecting pumping and winding equipment as well as an engine and battery at the new shaft.

March 1880: The employment of men in harvesting operations and on the railway works, together with the want of water, have, in a great degree, interfered with mining for alluvial gold.

June 1880: On the South side of Stanbridge St. a tunnel is being put in.

June 1880: The Rising Star Co., have put up a new battery and an extra engine of 15hp, 16-heads of stamps in all.

June 1880: The Argus Q. M. Co. has drawn the lifts, and the mine is standing idle for want of means to sink deeper.

June 1880: Cornish Q. M. Co. - the mine remains idle, the shareholders being about to re-organise the company.

In Samson and party's claim, named the Rising Moon, at Stony Creek, a new lode of quartz has been struck.

Sept. 1880: The Cornish Company has purchased the North Cornish Company's claim.

Sept. 1880: The management of the Argus Company has changed hands.

Sept. 1880: The old Leviathan Gold Mining Company's ground, at Franklin, has been reopened for mining purposes, a tunnel being commenced from Jim Crow Creek.

December 1880: The Cornish Quartz Mining Company intends to erect machinery on their newly acquired North Cornish claim. The intention includes; engine, 22in. cylinder and boiler having arrived previously; boiler 33ft. 6in. x 6ft. 6in. in diameter, eight Galloway tubes.

December 1880: The Rising Star Quartz Mining Company has purchased a new engine for winding and pumping.

December 1880: Bell's Quartz Company, Black Jack's - The machinery will soon be completed and the battery ready.
March 1881: Numerous ventures have started justified by the success of the Star Companies prospects from Bell's Reef, Yandoit.463

March 1881: The Morning Light (tunnel) Quartz, Milkmaid Flat, one-mile north of Post-Office, is in 400ft.464

March 1881: The Victoria Q. M. Co., Whitefield's Gully has sunk a shaft to a depth of 135 ft.465

March 1881: The Sailors Prince Alluvial Co. are in 5,000 feet at a depth of 320 feet from the surface ... 1,296 tons have been operated upon.466

March 1881: The German Gully Q M Co., Yandoit has their shaft down 190 feet.467

March 1881: The South Star, Blind Creek, is down 223 feet. Water being heavy, machinery is being obtained.468

March 1881: Russel's Freehold Company, Porcupine Ridge, has their shaft down 134ft ... great hopes are entertained.469

March 1881: The deep gutter at Dougall's farm, Franklinford, formerly called the Leviathan, is again being tried by tunnelling.470

The Rising Star Q.M. Co. Blind Creek, work at 195 and 250-ft levels ... 12 additional stampheads are in the course of erection; also large boilers, engines and pumping gear.471

June 1881: The Cornish Quartz Company, having discharged the liabilities of the old company, has erected new and powerful machinery.472

June 1881: The Haizd Quartz company, Rocky Lead. Part of the machinery is on the ground and preparation is being made to sink a shaft.473

June 1881: The Western Star Q.M., west of Blind Creek, The Shaft is down 200 ft. A 12 horsepower Tangye (3-inch cylinder) pump, capable of raising 5000 gallons of water will be erected.474

Sept. 1881: The Cornish Quartz mining Company's main shaft is being cut down to admit the pumps now being placed in position.475

Sept. 1881: The Rising Star Quartz Mining Company has erected 7 of Halley's patent percussion tables for treating the pyrites.476

Sept. 1881: The Criterion Quartz Mining Company, German Gully, is erecting a 10 horse power-winding engine.477

Sept. 1881: Mount Franklin Estate Gold Mining Company has completed the open cutting.478

---

463 Mining Surveyors' Reports
464 Mining Surveyors' Reports
465 Mining Surveyors' Reports
466 Mining Surveyors' Reports
467 Mining Surveyors' Reports
468 Mining Surveyors' Reports
469 Mining Surveyors' Reports
470 Mining Surveyors' Reports
471 Mining Surveyors' Reports
472 Mining Surveyors' Reports
473 Mining Surveyors' Reports
474 Mining Surveyors' Reports
475 Mining Surveyors' Reports
476 Mining Surveyors' Reports
477 Mining Surveyors' Reports
478 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Sept. 1881: A number of claims at Boots, Yandoit have been recently taken up.479

Sept. 1881: The Porcupine Ridge G.M. Co. have sunk a shaft 130 ft. and have struck a good ash containing gold. An adit tunnel is being driven towards the shaft, and is now in 200 ft.480

December 1881: Hepburn Rocky Lead Company are sinking their main shaft and erecting a larger pumping engine.481

December 1881: The Mount Franklin Estate Gold Mining Company have a steam and rock-boring plant on their claim and will shortly be erecting it.482

December 1881: The Hepburn Home Paddock Co. Smeaton, Have declared a dividend of 2s. per share on 18,000 shares.483

March 1882: The Argus Quartz Company’s ground and machinery have changed hands, Macmillan having purchased the plant and claim.484

March 1882: The Rising Star Q.M. Co. has yielded over 5dwt. per ton; the Co. have now ceased operations pending the erection of a new engine and a thorough overhauling of the mine.485

June 1882: The Forest Quartz Mining Company, Bullarook, have sunk a shaft and installed a portable engine and battery of eight heads of stampers have been erected at about 20 chains from the shaft to which the tramway is laid.486

June 1882: The Mount Franklin Estate Gold Mining Company has procured an American rock-borer at the cost of 800 pounds.487

June 1882: The Rising Star Quartz Mining Company has installed an engine of increased horsepower to replace the one formerly in use.488

June 1882: The Morning Light Quartz Mining Company, Wonderful Reef, has erected a battery of 8 heads of stampers.489

June 1882: The South Star Quartz Mining Company have erected a twenty horse power engine and plant, with boiler 28 ft. x 6 ft 6 in. in diameter. Eight-inch pumps are also on the claim.490

June 1882: The Hepburn Rocky Lead Alluvial Gold Mining Company have erected 2 engines, each 22 inch cylinders. Two boilers are being erected; 26 ft x 6ft 6in.491

Sept. 1882: Western Star Quartz Mining Company is erecting a 10 horsepower engine.492

Sept. 1882: The Electric Light Quartz Mining Company, Wonderful Reef, have driven their tunnel 289 feet from the Wonderful Creek but have not yet struck the reef.493

479 Mining Surveyors' Reports
480 Mining Surveyors' Reports
481 Mining Surveyors' Reports
482 Mining Surveyors' Reports
483 Mining Surveyors' Reports
484 Mining Surveyors' Reports
485 Mining Surveyors' Reports
486 Mining Surveyors' Reports
487 Mining Surveyors' Reports
488 Mining Surveyors' Reports
489 Mining Surveyors' Reports
490 Mining Surveyors' Reports
491 Mining Surveyors' Reports
492 Mining Surveyors' Reports
493 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Sept. 1882: Hamburg and Glamorgan Quartz Company, Yandoit, Have been engaged in sinking a main shaft. 494

Sept. 1882: Yandoit Grand Junction Alluvial Gold Mining Company have erected a 20 horse power engine with winding, pumping, puddling machine and lift of 10 inch pumps. 495

December 1882: The Western Star Quartz Mining Company on the Rising Sun line of reef, have finished the erection of a 10 horse power engine. 496

December 1882: The Mount Franklin Gold Mining Company, Franklinford have added some open-cutting. 497

1880s: Just in Time Co., found by the local prospecting committee in the 1880s. Later worked in 1934-1950 as the Maxwell. 498

1883-1894: North Cornish Company was registered ... By 1886, this company had three shafts in operation, the deepest being 700ft. It then took over the former Cornish Co. ground and continued until 1894. The main North Cornish shaft is just south-east of the junction of Camp and Stanbridge Streets, in the present pine plantation ... paid out over £100,000 in dividends between 1885-1894 ... The North Cornish (Freeman's) battery and dam was below the No. 1 shaft in the corner of Duke and Stanbridge Streets. 499

1883-1903: No. 1 North Cornish Company commenced, its shaft was 200 yards north of Stanbridge Street (now houses) ... managed to carry on until McLeod's re-organisation of the Cornish line took effect after 1903. 500

June 1883: The Argus Quartz Company United is now the Cornish Extended Company. 501

June 1883: The Old Fearnot Company situated on the northern boundary of the Cornish Company's claim and are now called the North Cornish Company. 502

June 1883: The Rising Star Quartz Mining Company, at South Frenchman's Creek or Blind Creek, have 28 stamp heads continually going. 503

June 1883: The Hepburn Rocky Lead Alluvial Gold Mining Company have fixed a new 20 horse power with 2 cast iron puddling machines. 504

June 1883: Hepburn Home Paddock Company, Smeaton, at No.2 shaft, are erecting an 18 inch cylinder pumping engine with a set of pumps; and an 18 inch cylinder winding engine and gear, with 2 Cornish flue boilers 30 feet long by 6ft 6 in.; also 2 puddling machines. Tributers to the company are also erecting a Quartz mill and engine. 505

Sept. 1883: The Cornish Extended Q.M. Co. (formerly "Argus") has purchased another 21_inch engine and it will be erected at once. 506

Sept. 1883: The Florence Q.M. Co., late Samson and Co. in Kidd's Gully have purchased a crushing engine, with 16_inch cylinder, and have erected 12 revolving stampers. They are raising quartz to supply their battery from a 160-ft shaft. 507

494 Mining Surveyors' Reports
495 Mining Surveyors' Reports
496 Mining Surveyors' Reports
497 Mining Surveyors' Reports
498 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.47-48
499 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.26
500 Maddicks, H. T, 1951, p.26
501 Mining Surveyors' Reports
502 Mining Surveyors' Reports
503 Mining Surveyors' Reports
504 Mining Surveyors' Reports
505 Mining Surveyors' Reports
506 Mining Surveyors' Reports
507 Mining Surveyors' Reports
Sept. 1883: The Toorak Q.M. Co., on Pitcher's Reef, Doctor's Gully, have sunk a shaft to 120 ft. and intend to continue until they strike Pitcher's Reef.

Sept. 1883: The Smeaton Estate Alluvial G.M. Co. has erected splendid machinery.

Sept. 1883: The Yandoit Grand Junction G.M. Company's alluvial ground is worked by steam machinery consisting of a 20 horsepower engine with boiler, 10 inch pumps, and an iron puddler.

The Yandoit Freehold Alluvial G.M. Co. have sunk a shaft 44 ft. into basaltic rock, and they are now engaged in erecting pumping and winding gear.

Sept. 1883: The Christmas Reef G.M. Co. have sunk a shaft to the water level and they now propose erecting a large plant, as the ground is very wet, and cannot be mined without powerful machinery.

December 1883: The Rising Star Q.M. Co. has fixed a 9-inch plunger.

December 1883: The Cornish Extended Co. is busy fixing a 35 horsepower engine for pumping.

December 1883: The Hepburn Home Paddock Co., Smeaton Have during the year 1883 paid a dividend of 2658 pounds 16s. 6d. for royalty and declared dividend amount to 4950 pounds.

March 1884: The North Cornish Q.M. Co. are finding water to heavy and so have purchased the Stone Barn plant, at Kingston, which will be at once placed on the claim.

March 1884: The Hepburn Home Paddock G.M. Co., Smeaton have obtained 3027oz. 10dwt. of gold. The Co. paid in dividends 4050 pounds and the royalty paid has been 978 pounds 1s. 6d.

March 1884: The Christmas Reef Q.M. Co. Yandoit, intend to erect large pumping machinery.

March 1884: The Sailor Prince Extended Co. tunnel is in 5200 ft at a depth from grass of 320 ft.

March 1884: The Cornish Extended Q.M. Co. Have finished the erection of their plant, which consists of a new 21-inch cylinder engine, with 2 boilers. No.1 is 28 ft. by 6 ft. 6 in. diameter. No.2 boiler is 26 ft. long by 6 ft. diameter. The engine house is 90 ft. long by 32 ft. wide, with outer connections. 60,000 bricks and 250 load of stone were used for the foundations, boiler and chimney.

June 1884: The Cornish Q.M. Co., Cornish Reef, have sunk their main shaft to 775 ft. They are still sinking deeper and the pumping is getting easier on account of the Cornish Extended Co. commencement of pumping.

June 1884: The North Cornish Q.M. Co. Wombat Hill, have nearly completed the erection of their new plant. The engine is a 16-inch one, The boiler being 26 ft. long and 6 ft. 6 in. in diameter. Over it is erected a substantial building the outer covering being of pine, and the roof of corrugated
iron. They also erected a very substantial chimney stack, and will now commence to sink their main shaft deeper to strike the Cornish Reef.

**June 1884:** The Hepburn Rocky Lead G.M. Co. has opened out their shaft to 330ft.

**June 1884:** The Hepburn G.M.C. Smeaton, have got 2471oz. 1dwt. of gold.

**June 1884:** The Wombat Creek water race contains 10 sluice heads of water, and it is nearly all used at present in sluicing out the bed of the Hepburn Gold-fields reservoir, by Paganetti and party.

**June 1884:** The Kangaroo race contains about 15 sluice heads of water, which at present is all used in the Dry Diggings district. When the council supply water from the pipes for mining purposes the charge is 10s per day.

**December 1884:** The Rising Star Q.M.C. pay dividends regularly to the amount of 4680 pounds.

**December 1884:** The Cornish Extended Q.M.C. have sunk their main shaft to 665ft.

**December 1884:** The Wombat Creek race containing 10 Sluice-heads, is used by Paganette and party for sluicing.

**December 1884:** The Kangaroo Creek race contains 15 sluice-heads of water, which has hitherto gone to Dry-Diggings for sluicing purposes. One crushing plant recently erected in Sportsman’s Reef is now driven by water power from this race.

**March 1885:** The Rising Star Q.M.C., Frenchman’s Reef, has raised stone of a payable character enabling the Co. to pay dividends regularly to the amount of 2520 pounds.

**March 1885:** Christmas Reef Q.M.C., Yandoit, have erected during the quarter, winding and pumping machinery, 30 horse-power which will be ready in a couple of weeks.

**March 1885:** Hepburn Consols G.M. Co. Smeaton, struck payable pay dirt at 320ft.

**March 1885:** The Sailor Prince Extended G.M.C. Deep Creek, are now waiting for the arrival of a Government diamond drill to bore for deeper ground.

**June 1885:** The Rising Star Q.M.C. have extended their shaft by 29ft. to 640ft. They paid dividends of 1440 pounds. The Co. also started to sink a new main shaft.

**June 1885:** The Christmas Reef Q.M.C. Yandoit, started their new machinery during the quarter.

**June 1885:** Hepburn Consols G.M.C. Smeaton, had a yield of 2176oz. 7dwt.
Puddling machines in course of erection\(^{538}\).

June 1885: Their appears to be little or no grounds available for sluicing, or at any rate ground considered
payable, as there is no demand for water for sluicing purposes. The Wombat Hill race is at
present rented by Fumberger and party, for the Long Tunnel Co; but the Kangaroo Creek race,
which carries 15 sluice-heads of water has been open for rent for a considerable time without
any applications. Steam engine and crushing equipment are also supplied by the same
source\(^{539}\).

Sept. 1885: The North Cornish Q.M.Co. have fixed Roots patent air-blower, with connecting engine. They
also have purchased a 21-inch cylinder pumping engine with new boiler, and propose to have
same erected on the claim at once\(^{540}\).

Sept. 1885: Jackson and party on the head of Middleton Creek near Dry Diggings discovered a good
shoot\(^{541}\).

Sept. 1885: Iveson and party have taken up the old Keep-it-Dark Reef. They have sunk a new shaft to
170ft. and expect to keep their battery of 8 heads going\(^{542}\).

Sept. 1885: The Murray Q.M.Co., Tipperary Point, have fixed a portable engine, connected with 7-inch
lifts. They have sunk their main shaft to 700\(^{543}\).

Sept. 1885: The Florence Q.M.Co. Kidd's Gully, have done a lot of prospecting.\(^{544}, 545\).

Sept. 1885: Hepburn No.1 G.M. Co. Smeaton, are stacking their wash for puddling, on account of puddling
machines being in the course of erection\(^{547}\).

Sept. 1885: The Yandoit Grand Junction G.M. Co. had a yield of 311oz. 6gr. They paid a dividend of 253
pounds during the quarter\(^{548}\).

December 1885: The Hepburn Consols Smeaton, has been worked out\(^{549}\).

December 1885: The North Cornish M.Co. paid 4 dividends amounting to 2700 pounds\(^{550}\).

December 1885: The Rising Star Q.M. Co. purchased machinery from the Egyptian Company, Malmsbury, and
it will be erected at once. They also paid a dividend of 2700 pounds\(^{551}\).

December 1885: The Christmas Reef Q.M.Co. Yandoit, has been induced crushing machinery\(^{552}\).

December 1885: Jackson and party, Middleton Creek Reef, have had another good crushing\(^{553}\).

\(^{538}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{539}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{540}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{541}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{542}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{543}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{544}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{545}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{546}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{547}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{548}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{549}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{550}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{551}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{552}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
\(^{553}\) Mining Surveyors' Reports
December 1885: Tatti and party adjoining Jackson and party have struck the reef during the quarter.554

December 1885: Hepburn No.1 Smeaton, The erection of additional machinery and puddling machines is nearly complete.555

1885-1889: North Cornish Company, crushing operations commenced in 1885 ... From March 1885 to December 1888, the company crushed 58,612 tons for 22,189 oz. ... Their main shaft is now down 71 feet.

1886-1902: Rocky Lead District, Daylesford - About a mile further north of the Queen of the Forest, the Reef Hill Co. is operating on a lode ...; the mine is situated immediately on the actual divide ... the gold bearing stone was located in 1886 ... and again 12 months ago (from 1902) by loamers, who sold it to the present company, which was organised by Messrs Mitchell, Lamb and Thomas, of the Berringa Birthday mine ...North of this on the same line, a lode known as the Grey Mare was opened in the fifties ... the party working it followed down a line of gold-bearing stone for about 80 feet, crushing it in a little 3-head mill erected on the mine. When it became necessary to employ machinery the venture collapsed ... it remained deserted until about four years ago, when a local party of miners cleaned out the old workings ... the whim-party haulage proved to be not strong enough; and the company being in debt and unable to raise more money ... sold the lease rights ... To the east of the Pinchgut Gully, which was once rich in alluvial gold, an attempt has been made to open a quartz lode known as The Queen of the Forest ... About a mile to the west of the Grey mare area are the remains of a mine opened some years since by a railway party. It was called the White Light Co-operative Party ... Since my visit to this field, a lode known as Scotty's has been opened up a mile or two to the south of the Reef Hill mine.556

March 1886: The North Cornish Q.M. Co. have purchased the Freeman's crushing plant, consisting of 16 head of stamps, situated close to the North Cornish shaft.557

March 1886: The No.1 North Cornish M.Co. have erected whim and sunk their main shaft 10ft x 6 x3 ft. clear.558

March 1886: The Christmas Reef Q.M.Co. Yandoit, have purchased and are erecting a 20-head battery, and will be ready for crushing in a month's time.559

March 1886: The United Freehold Q.Co. has been formed consisting of a large amalgamated claim property, situated within the township of Daylesford, formally held and worked by a number of companies: The Vineyard, Crown, No.1 South, Dunstan and the Freehold Q.M.Co. The great want of the former workings was a central pumping plant, applicable to the whole of the mining group. This property is held in high esteem by the mining community of Daylesford. The Co. has purchased a strong and powerful plant. The principle interest is held by Adelaide, South Australia speculators.560

March 1886: The Great Western G.M.Co. Franklinford, has erected 2 engines, 35 horsepower, connected with 9-inch lift and started sinking their main shaft.561

June 1886: The North Star Q.M.Co. have purchased from Belltopper Co., Malmsbury, another 10 head battery, also a 25 horse-power engine, which is now in course of erection near their own battery, consisting of 16 head stamps.562

June 1886: The United Freehold Q.M.Co. have purchased a powerful plant from Golden Bolt G.M.Co., Cape Clear, Ballarat division, consisting of 25 horsepower winding and 45 horse-power
pumping engine, with 3 large Cornish Boilers. Also 300ft. of 13-in. plunger-lift which is now in erection.\textsuperscript{563}

**June 1886:** The Christmas Reef Q.M.Co. Yandoit, having completed their crushing plant and started crushing\textsuperscript{564}.

**June 1886:** The Florence Q.M.Co. Kidd's Gully, had no crushing during the quarter. They have suspended mining operations for the present in their main shaft and are sinking a new shaft 400ft. south\textsuperscript{565}.

**June 1886:** The Great Western G.M.Co. Franklinford, have bottomed their shaft at 93ft\textsuperscript{566}.

**June 1886:** The New Era G.M.Co. Franklinford, have extended their tunnel to a distance of 3000ft\textsuperscript{567}.

**December 1886:** The North Cornish Q.M. Co. have erected an additional 10 head of stamps which will give the company a total of 36 head of crushing power\textsuperscript{568}.

**December 1886:** The Cornish Q.M.Co. have purchased the lease and machinery of the Cornish Extended Q.M.Co. adjoining the Cornish Co. South making one large lease with 7 powerful horizontal engines, varying from 11 to 29 inch cylinders, in all about 220 horsepower. There are also 3 Tangye and 28 head crushing plant. The Co. has also purchased from Mount Franklin Co. an American rock-borer which is now to be placed in position to sink the main shaft a further depth of 100ft. from the present depth\textsuperscript{569}.

**December 1886:** The Great Cornish Q.M.Co., north of the No.1 Cornish, started operations during the quarter\textsuperscript{570}.

**December 1886:** The New Area G.M.Co. Franklinford, have extended their tunnel to the distance of 3400ft. and have 300ft. more to drive to connect the tunnel to their shaft\textsuperscript{571}.

**December 1886:** The Shakespeare G.M.Co. Mt. Franklin, has started their machinery, and is preparing to sink their shaft deeper\textsuperscript{572}.

**December 1886:** The Leeoh Creek G.M.Co. have purchased machinery at Malmsbury, and are preparing the removal and re-erection of the same\textsuperscript{573}.

**1886:** Mines east of Hepburn Road, the Frenchman's and the Mineral Springs - the Freehold United was formed. It consisted of the Vineyard, Crown, No. 1 South, Dunstan's and the Freehold. Each had paid good dividends to their original owners ... the No. 1 shaft of 250ft was restarted as a pump shaft and the Freehold shaft was eventually deepened to 600ft ... The mine continued until about 1920 ... The mine's dumps are just east of the road about half-way to Hepburn Springs, near the head of Kidd's Gully.\textsuperscript{574}

**March 1887:** The No.1 North Cornish Q.M. Co. have purchased and erected same\textsuperscript{575}.

**March 1887:** The Steel's Reef Q.M. Co. Yandoit, have fixed machinery with 11-inch lifts\textsuperscript{576}.

\textsuperscript{563} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{564} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{565} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{566} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{567} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{568} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{569} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{570} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{571} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{572} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{573} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{574} Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.40
\textsuperscript{575} Mining Surveyors' Reports
\textsuperscript{576} Mining Surveyors' Reports
March 1887: The Christmas Reef Q.M. Co. Yandoit, have crushed very little during the quarter.

March 1887: The Shakespeare G.M. Co. Mt. Franklin, had their machinery destroyed by fire. Cause of fire unknown. They have it in good order again and will start sinking their shaft shortly.

March 1887: The Louh Creek G.M.Co. Coomoora, have removed machinery from Malmsbury, and is now in course of erection.

March 1887: The New Era G.M. Co. Franklinford still needs to drive 230ft. to join the tunnel with the shaft.

March 1887: Very little water sold in this division for sluicing, except for boiler and machinery purposes, from the Daylesford water-works.

June 1887: The North Cornish Co. Declared dividends of 5400 pounds.

June 1887: The Freehold United Q.M. Co. is looking out for a powerful crushing plant.

June 1887: The Trafalgar Q.M. Co. have erected a whim and sunk a main shaft to 180ft. Opened out west to strike the reef and did so at 180ft.

June 1887: The Shakespeare G.M. Co. has fixed another steam boiler.

June 1887: The Leeches Creek G.M. Co. Coomoora, have erected their machinery.

June 1887: Yandoit Grand Junction G.M. Co. has declared 250 pounds dividend during the quarter.

Sept. 1887: North Cornish G.M. Co. has declared a 6000-pound dividend.

Sept. 1887: The Cornish Q.M. Co. has made an excavation for another steam boiler at main shaft which is to be placed at once.

Sept. 1887: The South Keep-it-Dark Q.M. Co. have stopped mining operations during the quarter and are present erecting a portable engine on the main shaft.

Sept. 1887: A new company called the Cornish and York Claim, which gave such excellent returns in former years, east of the adjoining North Cornish Co. has been floated. They have purchased a double 10 inch cylinder portable engine, and have let contract for moving and erecting same at once at their main shaft.

Sept. 1887: The Shakespeare G.M. Co. Mt. Franklin, are making arrangements for fixing another steam engine and puddling machines.

Sept. 1887: The Leech's Creek M. Co. Coomoora, have completed sinking their shaft at 148ft.
Sept. 1887: The Great Western M. Co. Franklinford, will start washing as soon as puddling machines are erected.

Sept. 1887: The New Era G.M. Co. Franklinford, have extended their tunnel to 2890ft.

December 1887: The North Cornish Q.M. Co. are trialing a Frue Ore Concentrator or “vanning machine”, an American Invention. They declared a dividend for the quarter of 4200 pounds.

December 1887: Bear and Co. have applied for a lease for Flamburgh and Glennmorgan reefs, Yandoit.

December 1887: The Cornish and York Q.M. Co. have erected machinery.

December 1887: The Hepburn No.1 G.M. Co. Smeaton, are making preparations for a large pumping engine.

December 1887: The Shakespeare G.M. Co. Mt. Franklin, have purchased another engine and puddling machine, and let contract for erecting same, to be completed by the 8th March.

December 1887: The New Era G.M. Co. Franklinford, are driving in good ground in their tunnel.

December 1887: The Leech's Creek G.M. Co. Coomoora, have driven their drive 90ft. It is hoped that this Co. will form the pioneer of a great deal of mining enterprise in the locality.

1888: Daylesford Pyrites Works ... 6 acres of land to the west of the Hepburn Road, and about halfway to Hepburn ... six reverberatory furnaces connected by flues to a big chimney stack ... a chlorination plant was also added and this replaced the grinding-amalgamation plant run by Williams in Smith's Gully in earlier years. - Dumps immediately west of the rubbish tip.

c.1888: Cornish Company ... contemplate shortly erecting a large battery, with all the latest improvement ... At the new shaft ...Havelock company's old ground, commenced in 1874 ... is erected the most extensive and powerful pumping and winding plant in the district, with National air compressor and rock borer, and a double-cylinder air winch ... The company has, on various pars of the mine, no less than ten engines of various descriptions, making it one of the best and most complete plants to be found out of Quartzopolis. ... It is certainly the opinion of very experienced miner in the district that a great future awaits the company in opening up their deeper ground, for the reason that, with the experience gained at Sandhurst and Stawell ... there is every inducement to go to a depth of 2,000 feet ... The company have recently added to their already large area by purchase of lease and plant of the claim south, known as the Argus Company ... So far as can be ascertained, 650,00 tons of stolen have been crushed by the Cornish Company from the various reefs mentioned, for a yield of 173,500 oz.

March 1888: The North Cornish Q. M. Co. declared dividends of 4,500 ... same company are taking down their plant of 16 square stamps and replacing same with 20-heads of revolving stamps ... when completed their plant will be 40-heads of revolving stamps.

March 1888: The Criterion Co. German Gully, have purchased a 16-inch cylinder winding engine at Ballarat, depth of shaft 437 feet, the Golconda Q. M. Co.
March 1888: Jackson and party have sold their claim and plant to Ellesmere Q. M. Co.606

March 1888: Hepburn No. G.M. Co., Smeaton, is still engaged in enlarging their shaft, and erecting more powerful machinery.607

March 1888: New Era G. M. Co., Franklinford, have connected their tunnel with shaft.608

March 1888: The Shakespeare G. M. Co., Mount Franklin, are erecting pumping and puddling machines.609

June 1888: The North Cornish Quartz Mining Co. ... they have now 40-heads of stamps in full work.610

June 1888: The North Cornish No. 1 ... have purchased a new 10-head battery ... they also intend to erect two Frue Ore Concentrators or “Vanning machines”, seeing that this new invention is giving great satisfaction at the adjoining battery, North Cornish, for saving a great deal of labour and cost in collecting pyrites.611

June 1888: The Ellesmere Q. M. Co., engaged in fixing a portable engine to battery.612

June 1888: The Golconda Q. M. Co., late German Gully (not Criterion as I reported last week) has near finished fixing their machinery.613

June 1888: Yandoit Grand Junction and the Yandoit Freehold G. M. Co. have amalgamated in one company “Yandoit Grand Junction United G M Co. ... have sunk a new shaft and machinery will be removed soon.614

June 1888: The Shakespeare G. M. Co., Mount Franklin, have stopped their machinery.615

June 1888: The Hepburn No. 1 G. M. Co., Smeaton, are still doing progressive work.616

Sept 1888: The North Cornish Q. M. Co., declared dividends to £3,600 ... They have started to clean out the old Fear-Not shaft.617

Sept 1888: The North Cornish No. 1 have fixed a new 10-head battery, with 16-inch cylinder, which is built in with a substantial building.618

Sept 1888: The United Freehold Q.M. Co. has purchased the Florence crushing plant.619

Sept 1888: There is a new company floated at Spring Gully, about 3 miles north of Daylesford, called Golden Spring Quartz Mining Co.620

Sept 1888: The Shakespeare G. M. Co. ... puddling machine is ready for use.621

Sept 1888: Sepold and party of four, having a sluicing claim at Boot’s Gully, near Keep-it-Dark Reef.622
Dec 1888: The North Cornish Q. M. Co., have cleaned out and re-timbered the Old Fear Not shaft, at present engaged fixing a 21-inch cylinder, attached to the same a new Cornish steel boiler 26 x 6 x 6 ... company has paid dividends to £4,800.623

Dec 1888: The United Freehold Q. M. Co. has completed fixing their crushing plant.624

Dec 1888: A powerful company is formed, and obtained a lease, on Spring Creek road, Daylesford, to fix pyrites works (the Newbery-Vautin chlorination process), and at present are fixing machinery.625

Dec 1888: The United Grand Junction have removed and fixed their plant from No. 1 to No. 2 shaft; machinery is working well.626

Dec 1888: The Golden Stream G. M. Co., present sinking No. 2 shaft.627

March 1889: The North Cornish Q. M. Co. have declared dividends £4,200 ... they have also erected 8 more Frue Ore Concentrators at a cost of £2,000 ... nearly completed erection of machinery at old Fear Not shaft.628

March 1889: North Cornish No. 1, present erecting 10 additional stamps, total will be 20-heads.629

March 1889: The Golconda Co., German Gully, has completed their machinery.630

March 1889: The Golden Spring Q. M. Co., Hepburn, have completed their machinery.631

March 1889: The Daylesford Pyrites Works employ the Newbury-Vautin Improved Rapid Chlorination Process for Gold Extraction. The works are situated near Spring Creek Road.632

March 1889: Yandoit Grand Junction ... gold for quarter 52ozs, employing 24 men.633

March 1889: Leeche's Creek G. M. Co., Coomora, have done a large amount of prospecting, but without success.634

June 1889: The Golden Spring Q. M. Co., Hepburn, have started their machinery.635

June 1889: Golconda Q. M. Co., German Gully, Yandoit, have their new machinery.636

June 1889: A company called the Wonderful Q. M. Co., in 24,000 shares, to work the old Wonderful Reef. Intend fixing powerful machinery.637

June 1889: The Daylesford Pyrites Works have completed their splendid plant. In constructing the chimney and other brickwork they used over 150,000 bricks.638

---

622 Mining Surveyors Reports
623 Mining Surveyors Reports
624 Mining Surveyors Reports
625 Mining Surveyors Reports
626 Mining Surveyors Reports
627 Mining Surveyors Reports
628 Mining Surveyors Reports
629 Mining Surveyors Reports
630 Mining Surveyors Reports
631 Mining Surveyors Reports
632 Mining Surveyors Reports
633 Mining Surveyors Reports
634 Mining Surveyors Reports
635 Mining Surveyors Reports
636 Mining Surveyors Reports
637 Mining Surveyors Reports
638 Mining Surveyors Reports
June 1889: Leech's Creek G. M. Co., Coomora ... machinery looking well, 20 men presently employed.639

Sept 1889: The Cornish, Freehold United, and the Cornish and York Q. M. companies have suspended mining operations ... and are preparing to sink their main shafts deeper.640

Sept 1889: A new company, called the Pioneer Q. M. Co., is formed on Steel's Reef, Yandoit ... they are at present fixing machinery.641

Sept 1889: Daylesford Pyrites Works ... engaged in building 2 more furnaces, employ 12 men.642

Sept 1889: Lewis and party (of 4) in a sluicing claim, situated at Butterfly Gully, quarter of a mile west of Keep-It-Dark Reef, about 5 miles west of Daylesford.643

Dec 1889: The North Cornish M. Co. also completed surface tunnel, to truck quartz from shaft to battery, which will enable the company to crush in the future from both shafts. They have also purchased a new steel boiler from Ballarat, size 26 x 6 x 6, to be erected at the battery.644

Dec 1889: North Cornish No. 1 ... declared their first dividend, 600, employ 66 men.645

Dec 1889: Golconda Q. M. Co., German Gully ... 10-head battery will be ready shortly.646

Dec 1889: The Pioneer Q. M. Co., Yandoit, have completed their machinery, fixed a 11-inch lift.647

Dec 1889: Nugent and party uncovered in their sluicing claim, at head of Chinaman's Flat, Stoney Creek, a quartz reef.648

Dec 1889: Shakespeare Co., Mount Franklin ... driving towards old gutter.649

March 1890: North Cornish Co. - battery of 50 stamps and 14 Frue Ore Concentrators.

Sept 1890: North Cornish G. M. Co ... declared dividends of £3,600, which would have been more if the company had not spent £2,000 purchasing the plant and lease of the Cornish Co.650

Dec 1890: North Cornish C. ... four dividends amounting to £7,200: this is the largest sum paid by a company during any one quarter.651

Dec 1890: Good accounts have been received of the work done by the Golden Spring, Yandoit and Corinelle companies.652

Dec 1890: Daylesford Pyrites works have been regularly employed during the quarter.653

March 1891: Daylesford Pyrites works ... fixing two more furnaces.654
June 1891: Two claims (namely, the United Freehold and the Cornish & York companies) have suspended operations, and this has been the means of making mining matters generally very quiet.655

June 1891: Yandoit Grand Junction Co. treated 3,550 tons of wash for 234-oz. gold.656

June 1891: Daylesford Pyrites Works ... now prepared to treat pyrites raised outside the division.657

Sept 1891: North Cornish Co., dividend £3,600.658

Sept 1891: Golden Spring Co., a good deal of progressive work.659

1890s: Deep Lead mining under Table Hill. There are at least 5 tunnels under the basalt topping of Table Hill ... most of these head in from the south-west edge and at least three were worked by Sutton & Sons ... The new Midland Highway cuts across the mouth of the last Sutton tunnel ... Bert Sutton worked this until late 1940s. Two of the Sutton Bros in the early 1890s discovered Sutton Mineral Springs when sluicing in the area. Fight Em Gully - eastern edge of Table Hill, sluiced out in the 1850s right down to Wombat Creek near the present Springs. The north end of the hill also worked ... lead lost near the present highway at Christensen's Ajax shaft. Stony Creek - runs into Wombat Creek, midway between Sutton Springs and Sailors Creek. It is a steep sided creek, now sluiced out above Stony Creek Falls. Stony Creek Basin ... in the 1860s the Grand Mystery Co. sunk a shaft. Corinella Dyke also starts near the Stony Creek Basin and continues westwards to Deep Creek. West of the trotting track was the Ajax Consolidated mine of the 1860s. Sunk 120ft to work lead between Sailors Creek and Stony Creek (believed to be branch of Llewlyn Lead) ... The Llewlyn Lead was lost northwards ... though very many tunnels have been driven into the west bank of Stony Creek searching for it. Also a few short leads have been worked from the Sailors Creek side. At the north end of the ridge early alluvials were worked down the north slopes on what were known as the Albion Spurs. Albion Spurs - William Tell mine beside the old Ballarat Road (early 1860s) ... re-opened in 1910 with machinery ... shaft sunk 360 feet ... 6700 tons/3050 oz. for £3,000 dividends.660

1900s+: North Nuggetty - total tons crushed 61,000/38,700 oz. ... mine closed in early 1920s, shaft 900ft. deep.661

1900s: Blanket Flat (Eganstown) - Corinella G. M. Co., Egan's homestead paddocks ... first company formed in December 1861 at this point the company was re-organised [?]. company worked until 1912 ... it employed about 120 underground miners and worked 3 shafts plus a tunnel from Deep Creek, Golden Point side.662

1900s: Sailors Creek dredge worked around Shepherds Flat as far as the Breakneck ... dredge founded just south of Excelsior Bridge. The trout fishermen still use part of its timbers as a platform.663

1900s+: North Nuggetty Ajax, started later than the Nuggetty Ajax ... the shaft is one the south edge of the present rubbish tip ... mine closed about 1926 ... up until 1917 it produced 48,000 oz., paid dividends of £57,000 using a 15-head battery ... their sand dump occupies a lot of ground in the bush to the west ... the mine was the first to generate its own electricity.664 ... North Nuggetty, 900ft - Dumps immediately west of the rubbish tip 665

---

655 Mining Surveyors Reports
656 Mining Surveyors Reports
657 Mining Surveyors Reports
658 Mining Surveyors Reports
659 Mining Surveyors Reports
660 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.51
661 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.32-33
662 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
663 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.42-43
664 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.32-33
665 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
1902: Rocky Lead District, Daylesford - Three miles to the north of the White Light area, over a hill of basalt is the shaft of the Lady Parker Co. Here a 13-head crushing mill was doing work at the date of my visit and a steam winch did the hauling from a shaft 200ft deep ... This is the most northern mine in the area under notice, there being one mine, known as Dibden's, on a rich formation a mile or so further to the north, not being worked.666

1903: Generally speaking, both quartz and alluvial mining in this division have been dull during the past year; but, owing to ground formerly held, without being worked, for many years, by the North Cornish Company, having been acquired by an English Company, which has commenced work under the name of the Victoria Cornish Co. Ltd ... Old mining and business residents of Daylesford appear to be very sanguine as to the success of this venture, and express their faith in again seeing Daylesford figure as a real live mining town.667

1903: The Glenmona G. M. Co. ... crushed 5,305 tons for 1,212 oz. The company is furnished with a complete winding and crushing plant.668

1903: Dry Diggings Co. ... in hands of tributers ... a very good 10-head crushing plant is erected on this company's lease. There is also a very small winding plant.669

1903: Bruce's No. 1 North G. M. Co. (on Bruce's line of reefs) has done a considerable amount of prospecting work during the year ... The main shaft was sunk to 450 feet ... The mine is well equipped with winding, pumping and crushing machinery.670

1903: The Norman Proprietary Co., Yandoit South, met with such ill-success during the year that all work is now suspended pending instructions from England ... shaft is now 630 feet ... the mine is equipped with winding and crushing machinery.671

1903: Alluvial mining in this division has been very dull indeed. Bennett and party (or the Wombat Hill Tunnel Co.) met with fairly payable results early in the year, but during the latter half did very poorly indeed.672

1903: Great Western Alluvial G. M. Co. at Franklinford worked for the first half of the year ... a winding and pumping was erected on this mine.673

1903: The Bucket Dredging Co., which has been operating for some years with payable results in Sailor's Creek, has now ceased operations, and is removing the plant, having worked out the payable ground.674

1903: A number of small co-operative parties and individual miners, have made a living in the shallow alluvial. A good deal of tunnelling from the faces of the cliffs on either side of the creeks, under the basalt is done in this division.675

666 Bulletin of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 3, Rocky Lead District
667 Annual Report
668 Annual Report
669 Annual Report
670 Annual Report
671 Annual Report
672 Annual Report
673 Annual Report
674 Annual Report
675 Annual Report
1903-1923: McLeod's revival of Cornish Hill mines. Town Clerk of Daylesford, Donald Macleod, in 1903 he launched a re-organisation of the Cornish line, and from then on they became the Victorian Cornish G. M. Co., with English capital. Combined the former grounds of the North, Cornish and Argus, they enlarged Freeman's battery to 50-heads, and made tramlines connecting the mines. They made the former Colliers shaft their main shaft, renaming it Mitchell's shaft, and deepening it to 1,000ft. They also deepened Bonnards and the North Cornish. For the next twenty years, up to the death of McLeod, the Victorian Cornish were big employers of Daylesford miners. 676

c.1903: No. 1 North Cornish combined with the Fear Not ground, and they to crushed at the big Victorian Cornish battery. 677

1904: The Victoria Cornish... splendid success, last crushing during the year yielded 90 oz. 678

1904: The Daylesford Co., on the north of the Victoria Cornish Co. ... up to the 31 Dec, 1904, nothing payable had been discovered. 679

1904: The Glenmona G. M. Co. has continued to work throughout the year. 680

1904: The Wheal Dorey Co. (a new venture) commenced work in the latter half of the year... main shaft has been sunk to a depth of 170 feet, and a winding winch, with substantial poppet legs, etc. This mine is situated near Eganstown. 681

1904: The New Corinella Co. has carried on work in a small way. 682

1904: Alluvial mining throughout the division has remained very quiet, no work having been done except by co-operative parties and individual miners. None appear to be making more than wages. 683

1905: Ajax Company commenced... erected 10-head battery, paid first dividends in 1907. £9,000... Throughout 1909 the Saiz mine was very prosperous... in 1914 the shaft reached 1,150 ft... By 1917 the mine had reached its maximum depth of 1,240 ft and had paid dividends then of £104,000... From 1917 up to 1927 mine operated on stopes and drives... erected a steel poppet head in early 1920s, plant was auctioned in Feb 1929... At its close had paid £149,437 in dividends from 223,168 tons yielding 102,110 oz... had a 20-head battery... Ajax, 1220ft. Sand dumps are northeast of tip, in the gully running eastwards. Gully called Cobblers. 685

---

676 Maddicks, H. T., 1951, p.28
677 Maddicks, H. T., 1951, p.28
678 Annual Report
679 Annual Report
680 Annual Report
681 Annual Report
682 Annual Report
683 Annual Report
684 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
685 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
Quartz mining, after lying almost dormant for a number of years, has received. The chief factor in bringing about this desirable state is the continued success of the Victorian Cornish Co ... This company (an English one) crushed 11,886 tons for 8,740 oz. ... this company has erected three winding plants, sunk and timbered a splendid new shaft (known as Mitchell’s) to a depth of 735 ft ... erected a first-class tramway from Mitchell’s shaft to the crushing plant, and effected considerable repairs and renewals to the crushing plant, which numbers 30 stampers. An additional battery of 20 stampers is in the course of erection. The average number employed was 185.

The Daylesford Co. (also and English one) whose mine is situated to the north of the Victorian Cornish has continued work during the year ... additional 10-head battery with Wilfley tables, Wheeler’s pan, and Berdan pans erected.

Glennmona Co. was worked with indifferent success and it was decided to wind up the company and dispose of the lease and plant ... lease and plant bought by syndicate ... known as the New Glennmona Co.

The Ajax Co. recommenced work during the year.

The South Victorian Cornish Co., after erecting a complete winding and crushing plant, and cutting down a shaft to about 200 feet, suspended operations in Nov 1905 ... the mine is immediately south of the Victorian Cornish Co.’s lease.

The Nuggetty Ajax - a comparatively new company, floated to work the Nuggetty and Ajax lines of reef - had only just completed the erection of a powerful winding plant over the old Nuggetty Co.’s shaft.

The Wheal Dorey G. M. Co. has continued prospecting during the year without payable results.

The Wombat Hill and Wombat Hill Extended Co-operative companies have continued operations during the year. The Long Tunnel Co-operative party has spent the greater part of the year trying to sink an airshaft.

H. Sullivan and party of four men, of Eganstown, have carried on their sluicing operations in Evan’s Paddock, with barely payable results.

The Wombat Flat Dredging Co., which commenced operations early in 1905 ... barely payable.

Mauritius mining area - A new company was formed, and between 1906-1916 crushed 30,000 tons for 10,500 oz. The Frenchman’s made a near panic when, at 460 ft, in 1911, it cut off the flow of Hepburn Springs. ... Another mine north of here, worked by Silva and Borsa, was the Whitefield Reef or North Frenchman’s, had cut the mineral springs flow about 1880.
1906-1911:  The Ajax mine is situated about 1 mile north-west of the centre of Daylesford township, and is the most northerly of a series of mines which have caused a strong revival in mining in the Daylesford district during the past four years. The returns between Oct 1906 and March 1911 were 92,152 tons for 48,163 oz. of gold.697

1906:  Quartz mining has never looked so promising. Where at this time last year there were only about a dozen companies and co-operative parties, all told, at work, there are now over 40 registered companies, 24 of which have already equipped their mines with steam winding machinery. The consistent yields obtained by the Victorian Cornish G. M. Co. and the grand yields of the Ajax Co., have been the chief factors in bringing about this transformation.698

1906:  Victorian Cornish G. M. Co. crushed 22,296 tons for 11,629 oz. ... 50-head of stampers. There are four shafts; and twelve boilers and fourteen engines in use. Sinking operations in Mitchell’s shaft (which is on the southern end of the property), now down to 892 feet. Bonnards and Field’s shafts were connected at the 966 feet level.699

1906:  The Daylesford G. M. Co. has continued working on payable stone (3,402 tons for 1,067 oz). This mine is equipped with winding, crushing and pumping machinery.700

1906:  The Ajax mine, which is at present the chief gold-producing mine in the division, and also one of the chief quartz gold-producing mines in the State, is situated about a mile north-west of the Borough of Daylesford ... the erection of the second 10-head battery similar to the first is about completed, so that in the future, as crushing will be carried on with 20-heads instead of ten ... the battery is driven by a large compound condensing engine.701

1906:  The Victorian Star G. M. Co. (an English one) holding a large area of the ground south ... which embraces the well-known Rising Star and Specimen Hill lines of reef ... have completed the erection of powerful winding and pumping machinery on the old Rising Star Co.’s shaft, now known as Devy’s shaft.702

1906:  The Nuggetty Ajax Co. whose lease adjoins the Ajax Co., on the south, has done a considerable amount of prospecting ... mine equipped with a powerful winding plant, main shaft is 270 feet deep. The Nuggetty Ajax Co. started work in July, in addition to erecting a winding winch and poppet heads, sunk a main shaft to a depth of 233 feet.

North Ajax Co., started work in July, sunk main shaft to 103 feet and erected a winding winch and poppet heads.703

1906:  The Florence Co. commenced work in July, main shaft 230 feet, erected a steam-winding winch.

1906:  The Glenmona Co., work has been suspended, sold to an English company.704

1906:  Dry Diggings Co., commenced work in August, a winding winch with poppet heads was erected ... and 10-head battery erected on mine.705

1906:  The Mikado Co., winding winch with poppet heads ... old main shaft unwatered and cleaned out to 150 feet.706

1906:  Argyle Lake Co. commenced operations in July in a tunnel, which had been driven some years ago.707

---

697  Bulletins of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 29, Some Daylesford mines, p.23
698  Annual Report
699  Annual Report
700  Annual Report
701  Annual Report
702  Annual Report
703  Annual Report
704  Annual Report
705  Annual Report
706  Annual Report
707  Annual Report
1906: The Jubilee Lake Co. commenced sinking their shaft.  
1906: The Melville Star Co., underground work suspended for erection of machinery.  
1906: Adelaide Co., main shaft sunk to 50ft, compete winding plant erected.  
1906: Wheal Dorey Co., Eganstown, worked throughout the year without finding anything payable. Shaft now 309 feet deep, machinery consists of a winch and a vertical boiler.  
1906: Pitcher's Reef Co., situated near Hepburn, enlarging an old shaft, and preparing the position for a winding plant which is now in the course of erection.  
1906: Steele's Pioneer Co. at Yandoit commenced operations, erected a winding winch on old shaft sunk by Steele's Co. to a depth of 150ft.  
1906: The Yandoit United Co. was formed to take over the property formerly held by the Hamburgh Co., unwatered shaft to 270 feet.  
1906: The Moonlight Co. commenced early in November .. purchased winding plant from Criterion G. M. Co., located in Moonlight Gully, which bis situated about 3 miles southwest of Yandoit.  
1906: Alluvial mining in the Daylesford division has continued at a low ebb.  
1906: Wombat Hill Extended Co-op Co. has continued to work in the tunnel, which is about 5,000 feet.  
1906: Only one hydraulic sluicing company, viz. has carried on operations in the division during the year.  
1906: A number of small co-operative parties throughout this division continue to eke out a living by working the shallow alluviums, some ground sluicing, when water is available, and others by tunnelling.  
1907: A change for the worse has come over the mines in this division. A large number of the smaller mines have closed down.  
1907: The Victorian Cornish Co., large amount of developmental work, crushings poor ... at the end the mine was practically suspended.
1907: The Victorian Star Gold Mines Ltd has carried on work in an intermittent way.\textsuperscript{723}

1907: Daylesford G. M. Co., suspended.\textsuperscript{724}

1907: Sailor's Falls G. M. Co. erected 10-head battery, a winding winch and a small vertical engine to drive Wilfley tables.\textsuperscript{725}

1907: Dry Diggings Co., sunk main shaft to 360ft.\textsuperscript{726}

1907: The Steele's Pioneer Co. erected an extensive 10-head crushing mill, a set of poppet legs, a pumping engine, and fixed pumps, and sunk shaft 100 feet.\textsuperscript{727}

1907: Florence G. M. Co. continued work throughout the year.\textsuperscript{728}

1907: Pitcher's Reef G. M. Co. completed erection of winding plant.\textsuperscript{729}

1907: The Swiss Reef G. M. Co., completed a very good wining plant and sunk shaft to 185ft.\textsuperscript{730}

1907: Frenchman's Reef G. M. Co. erected a winding plant, and a 5-head battery and sunk shaft to 180 feet.\textsuperscript{731}

1907: The South Victorian Cornish Co., total depth 366ft.\textsuperscript{732}

1907: The Oriental G. M. Co., situated 5 miles south of Yandoit township, commenced operations this year, shaft 157 feet deep, erected a whim for haulage purposes .. The erection of battery under consideration.\textsuperscript{733}

1907: The Wombat Hill Tunnel Co. continued working with indifferent results.\textsuperscript{734}

1907: Long Tunnel Co-op Co. successful in connecting the airshaft to tunnel, treated 703 loads for 234 oz.\textsuperscript{735}

1907: One hydraulic sluicing company - Sewell's Dredging - is carrying on operations in Sailor's Creek, a short distance north of the Sailor's Falls.\textsuperscript{736}

1907: Dannevirke and Adelaide Reef companies - Both these mines opposite Brandy Hot did well. Late in 1907 the Adelaide was the scene of Daylesford's only notable mining accident ... two men died underground ... Going south from the Adelaide mine is Sam Menadue's Abundance claim. The whole area is now being planted by the Forest Commission with pines ... they also continue north of the Highway through the old Brandy Hot area. Boots Gully-Bald Hill, another goldfield that added to Eganstown's prosperity ... here several tunnels such as Allison's, Togni's, Mundic and Young's plus the alluvial in Boot's Gully and its tributaries.\textsuperscript{737}

\textsuperscript{723} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{724} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{725} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{726} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{727} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{728} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{729} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{730} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{731} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{732} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{733} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{734} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{735} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{736} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{737} Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.20-23
1908: Ajax Co. continued to obtain consistent yields. Nuggetty Ajax has pluckily continued developmental work without reward.738

1908: Victorian Cornish Co., resuming operations.739

1908: Old Jubilee Co., let on tribute, paid excellent wages and a dividend or two.740

1908: Dry Diggings Co., indifferent success.741

1908: Steele's Pioneer, hard struggle for life.742

1908: Frenchman's Reef Co., suction-gas engine has been installed for driving the crushing plant.743

1908: The Mother Goose Co-op Co. erected a 10-head battery on the late Argyle Co.'s lease, near Hepburn.744

1908: Wombat Hill and Long Tunnel co-operative companies continue to work745

1909: Ajax Co., held pride of place as a gold producer .. a third new high-pressure has been installed.746

Nuggetty Ajax, after years of struggles against adversity ... now running with the Ajax very closely for pride of place as a gold producer and dividend payer. North Nuggetty Ajax floated to work the northern portion of the Nuggetty Ajax Co.'s lease, has sunk a main shaft and erected good winch..747

1909: Victorian Cornish and Daylesford companies now both suspended.748

1909: The Victorian Star Co., continued to work with barely payable results ... an up-to-date crushing plant erected on the mine.749

1909: Frenchman's Reef Co., replaced old crushing plant with a new battery of 10-heads.750

1909: Work has been resumed at the Cameron's Ajax, Pitcher's Reef, Swiss Mount, New Florence, Argyle, Dry Diggings, and Adelaide companies.751

1909: Beehive Co. erected a crushing plant on the mine, previously known as the Mikado.752

1910: North Nuggetty Ajax, erecting a crushing plant.753

1910: Steam winding plants have been erected over the South Frenchman's and the Frenchman's and Mauritius companies shafts.754

738 Annual Report
739 Annual Report
740 Annual Report
741 Annual Report
742 Annual Report
743 Annual Report
744 Annual Report
745 Annual Report
746 Annual Report
747 Annual Report
748 Annual Report
749 Annual Report
750 Annual Report
751 Annual Report
752 Annual Report
753 Annual Report
754 Annual Report
1910: Central Ajax Co., started 1910, shaft is just on the north edge of the present rubbish tip, and is the deepest on the field ... produced 52,664 oz. from 88,379 tons and paid £89,250 dividends ... a battery of 20-heads.755 Central Ajax, 1500ft - Dumps immediately west of the rubbish tip.

1911-1926: North Ajax - dump of this mine remains at this date north of the Ajax by several 100 metres. In the gully below may be seen some of the huge sand dump areas of the Ajax and North Ajax mine started in 1911 and closed 1926 ... paid dividends of £47,970 from 96,000 tons crushed/36,980 oz.757 North Ajax, 1000ft - Sand dumps are north-east of tip, in the gully running eastwards. Gully called Cobblers.758

1911: The New Cornish Co., after a long term of unprofitable work, has again found payable stone and in consequence is employing a considerable number of men ... principal work being carried out from Mitchell's shaft.759

1911: Ajax Co., kept its 20-head battery going with profitable results. Nuggety Ajax, returned to the dividend list. North Nuggety Ajax, erection of 10-head battery early in the year, since when the gold yields have eclipsed all other mines on the field. Central Ajax has sunk a shaft to about 400 feet, and erected a winding plant, is about to erect a crushing plant to treat rich stone discovered. South Ajax, after suspending operations for a time, erected a steam winding plant.760

1911: Frenchman’s Reef Co. continues to operate.761

1911: New Specimen Hill Co. has acquired a portion of ground formerly held by the Victoria Star, with plant thereon (consisting of winding and crushing machinery).762

1911: The William Tell Co., erected a new winding and crushing plant.763

1911: Old Jubilee Co., completed erection of crushing plant in 1911.764

1911: New Dry Diggings Co. discovered payable stone.765

1911: Olive Branch Co. erected a 10-head crushing plant ... This mine is now equipped with a winding and crushing plant.766

1911: North Frenchman’s Co. continued operations until early Dec 1911, when, owing to it being alleged that the opening of the mine has caused the Hepburn Mineral Springs to cease flowing, work was suspended, and the mine was closed down.767

1911: Alluvial mining in this division has practically ceased to exist, only a few fossickers and ground sluicers therein.768

1911: Connell’s mine, Spargo Creek - Connell’s mine is situated on the eastern bank of the Werribee River, about half a mile south-easterly from the Mineral Springs Hotel, on the Ballan to Daylesford road, about 12 miles north of Ballan and 11 miles south of Daylesford. The

755 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
756 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
757 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
758 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
759 Annual Report
760 Annual Report
761 Annual Report
762 Annual Report
763 Annual Report
764 Annual Report
765 Annual Report
766 Annual Report
767 Annual Report
768 Annual Report
workings of the mine consist of a number of shallow shafts, now collapsed, and surface cuts, with an adit level about 80 feet below the crown of the hill.\textsuperscript{769}

1912: William Tell Co., since adding boiler to plant, has been crushing almost continuously with payable results.

1912: Lord Roberts (a new company) sunk a main shaft, erected a winding plant ... This is the most southerly mine in Daylesford.\textsuperscript{770}

1912: Olive Branch, Frenchman’s Reef, New Dry Diggings and Swiss Mount continued through the year.\textsuperscript{771}

1912: Camerons Ajax carried out prospecting throughout the year. North Nuggety Ajax, two extra boilers, making four in all, a powerful air compressor, a large air receiver, and five additional stamps (15 in all) have been added to the plant. Nuggety Trafalgar Co., installed a second boiler, erected a large air-compressing plant.\textsuperscript{772} Christensen’s Ajax Co., erected a complete 10-head battery, driven by suction gas, with which they have crushed a considerable amount of stone. Ajax North Co. spent its time prospecting.\textsuperscript{773}

1912: New Cornish Co., continued work at 1,000ft level ... The North Cornish was floated to work a piece of ground previously held by the New Cornish.\textsuperscript{774}

1912: New Specimen Hill, a disappointing year.\textsuperscript{775}

1913: The Lady Staughton mine is situated about 1 mile east of the Spargo Creek post-office and 11 miles south of Daylesford ... In a length of 600 feet, over which gold has been traced along the surface three shafts have been sunk, viz: - Hogan’s, Breathwaite’s and McDonald’s.\textsuperscript{776}

\textsuperscript{769} Bulletins of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 29, Some Daylesford mines, p.29
\textsuperscript{770} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{771} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{772} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{773} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{774} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{775} Annual Report
\textsuperscript{776} Bulletins of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 29, Some Daylesford mines, p.29
1913: Spargo Creek Mine, Spargo Creek - mine lies about midway between the Spargo Creek post-office and the Lady Staughton mine ... The Werribee River runs close to the mouth of the tunnel ... a few years ago some Ballarat miners erected a hand boring machine at the surface between the reefs and started to bore for saddle reefs. The work was not persevered with ... The tunnel is about 550 feet long.777

1913: Foletti & Courtot, after sluicing 25 acres near Specimen Hill uncovered the reef ... in 1916 the Rising Star Extended took over the claim ... in 1919 they re-organised as Ajax Star Co. ... company closed in 1921 ... next year the name changed to South Ajax and the shaft was deepened to 500ft and worked on and off to about 1949 ... To the east was the old Jubilee mine, it was worked to 600ft and worked up until WWI.778

1913: Mining in this division is not so prosperous.779

1913: Ajax mine continued to pay well, doing a considerable amount of developmental work. Nuggety Ajax Co also had a fair year. Ajax Central Co. has had a very successful year. North Nuggety Ajax fairly successful. Nuggety Trafalgar Co., sunk shaft to 700-ft. Ajax North Co., sunk to 800-ft, stone proved to be of some value and the erection of a battery will commence shortly Ajax Consolidated Co. took over the mine and machinery formerly owned and worked by C. Matheson and party ... the company have a 10-head battery on the mine. 780

1913: New Cornish Co. Ltd, continued work during the first 9 months with such ill success that they decided to cease operations and sell the mine and plant. Purchased by a syndicate and refloated.

1913: Lord Roberts, satisfactory results, the erection of a battery has been decided upon, now being erected ... The North Roberts Co. has sunk a main shaft and erected a steam winding plant.781

1914: Ajax Co. carried out work in a vigorous manner throughout the year. The Ajax Central has had a very satisfactory year. North Nuggety Ajax continued with payable results ... disastrous fire ... destroyed the winding engine and housing, as well as the housing over the boilers, and the air compressing plant ... The company has decided to erect a new winding and air compressing plant, and to drive the crushing and air compressing plant by suction gas. Nuggety Ajax Co. has not had a successful year. Nuggety Trafalgar Co., work suspended late in the year. Ajax North Co., completed the erection of 10-head battery. Ajax North Extended Co. erected a winding plant and commenced to sink main shaft. Crown Ajax Syndicate commenced work late on the year on the Ajax line of reef at a point _mile north of the Ajax North Extended Co.'s shaft, and is now driving a tunnel across the strata with the hope of finding payable stone. 782

1914: Frenchman’s Reef Co., battery being kept going by tributers.783

1914: Cornish Co., which was floated to take over the mine and plant owned by the late New Cornish Co. Ltd, worked for a short time, and there is little likelihood of work being resumed.

1914: New Specimen Hill Co. ceased operations early in the year and sold mine and plant ... now being worked by a co-operative party, with barely payable results.

1914: William Tell Co., very unsuccessful year.784

1914: Olive Branch Co., very disappointing year.785

---

777 Bulletins of the Geological Survey of Victoria, No. 29, Some Daylesford mines, pp.33
778 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.37-38
779 Annual Report
780 Annual Report
781 Annual Report
782 Annual Report
783 Annual Report
784 Annual Report
785 Annual Report
1914: Lord Roberts Co., completed the erection of 10-head battery ... work has been carried on by the North Lord Co. 786

1914: Wombat Hill Co-Op Co. continued to work with barely payable results. 787

1915: The Ajax Co. has done a considerable amount of developmental work. The Ajax Central Co. has experienced another prosperous time. Regular monthly dividends of 1s. have been declared. The North Nuggetty Ajax Co. completed the erection of a suction gas plant to drive the crushing and air-compressing machinery. The stone has been of such low grade that the utmost economy has had to be exercised in order to make the yields cover expenses. The Nuggetty Ajax sunk another main shaft and lift. The Ajax North Co. has had a successful year and has been paying regular dividends. The Frenchman's Reef Co. have worked out all the payable stone in the upper levels and is now developing 2 lower levels. The Specimen Hill Consolidated Co. has struggled along without any reward. The Ajax North Extended Co. has resumed work after a considerable lay-off and since done much development work. The Rising Star Co. commenced work last May. The Eganstown Co. commenced work late in the year and is presently engaged in sinking a main shaft with the hope of re-finding the lost alluvial lead that was worked many years ago. The following Co. closed down during the year:- Lord Roberts, North Lord Roberts, William Tell and Olive Branch788.

1916: At the Ajax a lift has been added. The Ajax North has an abundance of ore reserves to operate on but rather poor to be profitable. The Ajax Central Co. has a good reserve of stone to draw from, but rather poorer than previously. The mine appears to have a profitable future. The Nuggetty Ajax mine, by diligent prospecting, discovered some profitable splices of stone in the higher levels, which has stimulated the Co. to make further efforts lower down. At the North Nuggetty Ajax a good deal of prospecting has been done with encouraging results. The Rising Star Extended Co. has not been known to make much progress owing to unsuitable plant installed. The Eganstown Co., Failing to find true bottom at 136 ft. abandoned the show and sold the plant. Mt. William. Their are still on the field about 10 Sluicers, who make fair wages when water is available789.

1917: The Ajax Co. has carried out developmental work at all levels and failed to make any fresh payable discoveries. The Ajax North Co. has an abundance of crushing material but at a rather low grade. Ajax central mine. Diligent prospecting has been done without discovering any fresh makes. North Nuggetty Ajax Co. Owing to the inability to discover any missed makes of stone, by extending the old workings, operations are suspended pending re-construction. The Nuggetty Ajax Co. has pushed on various prospecting activities through promising country. The Rising Star Extended installed a suitable steam winch plant. Powell jet elevator at Daylesford keeps 3 men going for about 4 months in the year, and yields small wages790.

1918: The Ajax Co. has discovered a new line of reef just in time to stop the Co. from closing down, and promises profitable employment for sometime. At the Ajax North a slight improvement in the quality of ore is noticeable, but on the whole the ore is to poor to be profitable. The Ajax Central Co. has done a lot of development work at the bottom levels. The Nuggetty Ajax operations have been confined to taking out remnants of old stopes. The North Nuggetty adjoining is similarly situated. At the Rising Star Extended extensive prospecting at 200ft. has did not reveal any payable crushing material791

1920s: Depths of mines: Trafalgar Ajax, 680ft ... sand dump of Trafalgar mine were bulldozed when the New Midland Highway was made west of the town. Nuggetty Ajax, 942ft ... Tipperary Gully Road runs over the Nuggetty Ajax sand dumps, which now fill the head of Connell's Gully above the road.792

1930s: Courtos and Powell Bros. (two hydraulic sluicing ventures) re-worked Blind Creek into the Specimen Hill areas, using the Specimen Hill race from Upper Wombat Creek ... much earlier the Courtot family had sluiced where Blind Creek junctions with Wombat Creek ... a little way downstream, just below the Ballan Road, 1990-1905, a steam dredge had worked ... the dredge

786 Annual Report
787 Annual Report
788 Annual Reports
789 Annual Reports
790 Annual Reports
791 Annual Reports
792 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
pond is still there just below the Road. The larger pond above, east of the road, is a settling pond for the Govt. battery, this was on the hillside at its top end. 793

1934-1938: Webb and Olver Bros. re-opened North Nuggety, used whip to work to 110ft ... crushed at Government battery on Jubilee Lake Road, got 780 oz. 794

1930s-1940s: Back on the western slopes of Doctors Gully, in West Street, were Camerons Ajax and Young Ajax. Camerons became known as the West Maxwell in 1938 to 1942. Shafts were about 300ft deep and unsuccessful. Maxwell (Just In Time) was very successful at levels from 400 to 600ft, between 1934 to 1950 employed 30 to 40 men, reached 820ft. 795

1930s-1940s: Try Again line of reef, just east of Spring Creek: Florence mine, north-east edge of Kidd’s Gully surveyed township ... restarted in 1930s as New Florence, went until 1941. North of it are the Samsons. Morning Light (1863), Wonderful Reef, Electric Light Reef etc and then onto Commissioners Reef area east of Hepburn Springs. The Golden Spring Q. M. Co. later worked the reef at the north end. On the west side of Hepburn-Daylesford Road, west of the Freehold area was the Ophir mine, again re-opened in the 1930s. 796

1935: In alluvial mines the new Glenfine, Yandoit, alluvial mines at Daylesford, and others throughout the district have done most of their preliminary work, and should soon reach the production stage. 797

1936: The principal producers in this district have been the Italian Hill Deep Leads and the Defiance Deep Lead companies. Both these mines are well developed, and should maintain fair returns during the coming year. In Maxwell’s Mine prospecting has been carried on in several drives, and though results have been unpayable, developments in one drive have been promising. Excelsior Gold Recovery have just completed the erection of an up-to-date battery and cyanide plant on their property, and should be producing early in the year. 798

1937: Spa mine, Shepherd's Flat - crushing of 20 tons at the Maldon Government Battery ... The company has completed the erection of a 8-head battery, and recently crushed two parcels of stone. 799

1938: The most encouraging development of the year occurred at the Maxwell Consolidated mine, Daylesford. Rich crushings have allowed this company to be on the dividend list for the first time after the repayment of a joint state and commonwealth loan. On this field, also an old shaft known as “South Pitcher's” north of the adjoining Maxwell lease has been opened up and re-timbered to the 100ft. level preparatory to developmental work. 800

July 1939: The most important mine in this electorate continues to be the Maxwell Consolidated mine at Daylesford, where the stone has averaged over 1oz to the ton. On the surface new machinery has been installed and a cyanide plant has been completed, thus enabling the company to treat the accumulated tailings at the mine. 801

1939: The best producer of the year was the Maxwell Consolidated at Daylesford, where the yields averaged as high as 33dwt. per ton. Considerable developmental work was carried out, the shaft was depended to 620 ft, and a new level was opened at 600 ft. Three dividends of 6d. per share were declared, the total payment for the year amounting to 13,743 pounds. A cyanide plant was installed and the company is now been able to treat the tailings, which have accumulated at the mine. 802

793 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.37-38
794 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36
795 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.47-48
796 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.47-48
797 Annual Reports
798 Annual Reports
799 Annual Reports
800 Annual Reports
801 Mining and Geological Journal
802 Annual Reports
January 1940: The Maxwell Consolidated Mine at Daylesford continues to be the best producer, and declared dividends amounting to 19,500 pounds.  

1940: The most profitable mine in the district is the Just-In-Time at Daylesford, were work at 400,500, 600, enabled the company to distribute 27, 486 pounds or 3s. per share. September 1940: The most profitable operations were at Just-In-Time (Maxwell Consolidated) mine, Daylesford.  

Sept. 1941: Several companies are working at Daylesford, (Just-in-Time mine) is the only one that appears on the dividend list. The company has now returned 41,230 pounds.  

1941: A revival of interest in the Daylesford district, which has been more or less neglected since the mining revival, as one worthy of further prospecting, is evidenced by the re-opening of the Ajax South, Maxwell West and Florence mines. Encouraging prospects at both the Ajax South and Maxwell West mines have to date justified he confidence of the investors.  

1942: Yandoit: Last company to successfully work buried leads in the Yandoit area was the Central and South Yandoit Alluvial Co. ... large dump just north of the Jim Crow, Batts Bridge ... closed in 1942.  

1942: Owing to the shortage of miners the management of Maxwell Consolidated N.L. t Daylesford has decided to confine operations to development and sink the shaft a further 200 ft.  

1944: The various workings situated on the upper parts of the Bullarook and Rocky lead ... minor tributary leads, eg. the Hepburn Rocky Lead, Fraser's Lead and the Phoenix Lead, and small companies, such as Grave United Co. and South Fraser's Co., both of which closed about 1944. The leads were relatively unimportant, although they contained occasional small rich patches.  

1947: An attempt to reopen the Ajax reefs by the Ajax Consolidated N.L float ... got as far as erecting new steel poppet heads, pulled down in 1979.  

March 1947: Exploratory work was carried out at the Maxwell West and Maxwell Consolidated mines Daylesford. After the shaft at the Ajax South Mine, Daylesford had been unwatered to 437ft. The shaft of the Florence mine, Daylesford, was unwatered and deepened to 475 ft.  

Sept 1947: At the Maxwell Consolidated mine Daylesford, work is chiefly confined to repairs. Only 24 miners are employed, and until more miners are employed only small quantities of stone can be broken for the battery. Most of the work at the Ajax South mine was carried out at No.6 and No.7 level. The shaft at the Florence mine Daylesford is completed to 487 ft.  

Sept 1949: At Maxwell Consolidated mine Daylesford, a prospecting program is being carried out. The new Jim Crow dredge should commence work sometime in October. The work of unwatering and re-timbering the Ajax Consolidated mine Daylesford continues. A diesel driven compressor has been installed, together with an air receiver. The construction of poppet legs and mine buildings is well advanced.

---

803 Mining and Geological Journal  
804 Annual Reports  
805 Mining and Geological Journal  
806 Mining and Geological Journal  
807 Annual Reports  
808 Maddicks, Henry T. 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.48-49  
809 Annual Reports  
810 Canavan.F., Deep Lead Gold Deposits of Victoria, 1988,p.33-34  
811 Maddicks, Henry T., 100 Years of Daylesford Gold Mining History, p.34-36  
812 Mining and Geological Journal  
813 Mining and Geological Journal  
814 Mining and Geological Journal
Sept 1948:  The Maxwell Consolidated N.L. Company Daylesford, is still short of manpower the average attendance being 22 men. The shaft at the Ajax South mine, Daylesford, was cleaned out and repaired to 500 ft. Crosscutting was continued east and west at the No. 4 level of the Florence mine, Daylesford.\textsuperscript{815}

March 1950:  The Maxwell Consolidated mine, Daylesford, has changed hands and is now known as the Aurora mine. The winding plant has been completely overhauled and re-conditioned, and the shaft has been repaired. Another new Co. has cleared its shaft to a depth of 300ft\textsuperscript{816}

Sept 1950:  Ajax Consolidated, Daylesford, The mine was closed pending the delivery of a large pump. Aurora, Daylesford. The new ventilation system is now in full operation and regular crushings are being obtained with fairly good results\textsuperscript{817}.

March 1951:  Aurora, Daylesford. During 1950 the output was 1,757 tons crushed and 1,055 fine ounces of gold.\textsuperscript{818}

1964-1968:  Deep lead working was attempted at the Lady Jennifer Mine near Yandoit. Production commenced in 1964 and ceased in 1968; the return was 9.46kg of gold. This was the last deep lead underground mine in Victoria.\textsuperscript{819}

\textsuperscript{815} Mining and Geological Journal
\textsuperscript{816} Mining and Geological Journal
\textsuperscript{817} Mining and Geological Journal
\textsuperscript{818} Mining and Geological Journal
\textsuperscript{819} Canavan.F., Deep Lead Gold Deposits of Victoria, 1988,p.33